

NEET ANSWER KEY & SOLUTIONS

SUBJECT :- CHEMISTRY

CLASS :- 12th

PAPER CODE :- CWT-6

CHAPTER :- COORDINATION COMPOUNDS

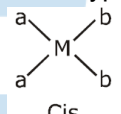
ANSWER KEY

1. (D)	2. (C)	3. (B)	4. (D)	5. (C)	6. (A)	7. (A)
8. (B)	9. (C)	10. (A)	11. (C)	12. (C)	13. (D)	14. (A)
15. (D)	16. (B)	17. (D)	18. (D)	19. (C)	20. (C)	21. (A)
22. (A)	23. (B)	24. (C)	25. (C)	26. (B)	27. (B)	28. (D)
29. (B)	30. (B)	31. (B)	32. (C)	33. (A)	34. (A)	35. (C)
36. (A)	37. (C)	38. (D)	39. (A)	40. (B)	41. (C)	42. (D)
43. (B)	44. (A)	45. (A)	46. (C)	47. (D)	48. (B)	49. (C)
50. (C)						

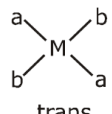
SOLUTIONS

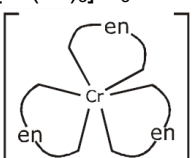
SECTION-A

1. (D)
Sol. $\begin{array}{c} \text{COO}^- \\ | \\ \text{COO}^- \end{array}$
2. (C)
Sol. Secondary valency or coordination number.
3. (B)
Sol. O.N: $\rightarrow x+0-3=-1$
 $x=+2$
 C.N $\rightarrow 4$
4. (D)
Sol. C.N $\rightarrow 6$
 O.N $\rightarrow x-2+0=0$
 $x=+2$
5. (C)
Sol. As SO_4^{-2} is secondary non-ionizable valency.
6. (A)
Sol. $[\text{Cr}(\text{CO}_6)] \rightarrow 24-0+12=36$
7. (A)
Sol. Inert gas configuration to be stable.
8. (B)
Sol. $34 = 28-2+2 \times x$
 $34 = 26+2x \quad 8 = 2x \quad x = 4$
9. (C)
Sol. As 'F' is weak field ligand.
10. (A)
Sol. By IUPAC rule,
 Tetraamminedichloroplatinum(IV)
 tetrachloroplatinate(II).
11. (C)
Sol. By IUPAC rule,
 Potassium pentachloronitridoosmate(VI)

12. (C)
Sol. $2X-2=+4$
 $X=+3$
13. (D)
Sol. By IUPAC rule,
 μ -hydroxo-bis(pentamminechromium)(III)
 ion.
14. (A)
Sol. Ma_2b_2 type
- 

Cis



trans
15. (D)
Sol. $[\text{Cr}(\text{en})_3]\text{Cl}_3$
- 

$^{3+}$
- No centre of symmetry and plane of symmetry. It is optically active
16. (B)
Sol. As H_2O molecules changes it's position.
17. (D)
Sol. Trans isomer.
18. (D)
Sol. Identical due to octahedral shape.
19. (C)
Sol. Both optical and G.I
20. (C)
Sol. No. of geometrical isomers expected for octahedral complex $[\text{M}_{\text{abcdef}}]$ is 15
21. (A)
Sol. Linkage due to SCN^- and NCS^-

22. (A)
Sol. None
23. (B)
Sol. Higher the value of K, stable is the compound
24. (C)
Sol. Tetraamminedichlorocobalt(III) nitrate.
25. (C)
Sol. Fe^{+3} has C.N= 6
26. (B)
Sol. CO is strong field ligand which makes pairing of electrons and no unpaired paired. Thus it is diamagnetic.
27. (B)
Sol. MnO_4^- , Mn^{+7} all d-e⁻ are removed.
28. (D)
Sol. Cu^{+2} C.N= 6 (octahedral), O.N.=+2
29. (B)
Sol. $[\text{FeF}_6]^{-3} \longrightarrow \text{Fe}^{+3} n=5 \pi = \sqrt{5(5+2)}$
 $\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{-3} \longrightarrow$ pairing of e⁻ takes place due to CN^-
30. (B)
Sol. $\text{Cu}^{+2} \longrightarrow$ strong field ligand $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{+2}$
(Pairing takes place leaving 1- unpaired e⁻)
31. (B)
Sol. Lowered in energy by $0.4 \Delta_o$
32. (C)
Sol. $[\text{CrF}_6]^{-4} \longrightarrow$ unpaired e⁻ = 4
 $[\text{MnF}_6]^{-4} \longrightarrow 5$
 $[\text{Cr}(\text{CN})_6]^{-4} \longrightarrow 2$
 $[\text{Mn}(\text{CN})_6]^{-4} \longrightarrow 1$
33. (A)
Sol. $n=2 \pi = \sqrt{n(n+2)}$ B.M
34. (A)
Sol. H_2O , F^- and F^- are weak field ligand, so does not causes pairing.
35. (C)
Sol. Linear and Tetrahedral compounds never exit as geometrical isomerism because the relative position of ligands to the central metal atom is same with respect to each other.

SECTION-B

36. (A)
Sol. Silver halides are photosensitive, they turns dark when comes in contact with light.
37. (C)
Sol. Chlorophyll is a complex of Magnesium.
38. (D)
Sol. HgI_2 and KI react to give Nessler's Reagent (K_2HgI_4).
39. (A)
Sol. A yellow coloured complex will be formed due to CdS.
40. (B)
Sol. Al_4C_3 is not a OMC, it forms ionic bond with carbide and TEL is a sigma bonded OMC.
41. (C)
Sol. Zeigler natta catalyst.
42. (D)
Sol. Ferrocene is π -bonded Ogranometallic compound.
43. (B)
Sol. Transfer of e⁻ from filled metal orbitals to anti-bonding orbital of ligands.
44. (A)
Sol. $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$
45. (A)
Sol. $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{HgCl}$
Lead forms a complex with EDTA. This complex is water soluble and is excreted from body
46. (C)
Sol. $[\text{Ca}(\text{EDTA})]^{-2}$
47. (D)
Sol. Cl^- ion in complex is non-ionizable, so no precipitate with AgNO_3 .
48. (B)
Sol. d^7 has more unpaired electron (3) than d^2 so it has higher magnetic moment contain 3 epaired e⁻, so high cl then d.
49. (C)
Sol. F^- is a weak field ligand.
50. (C)
Sol. NF_3 is a covalent compound.