

Subject : BIOLOGY DPP No. : 1 Class: XIIth Date:

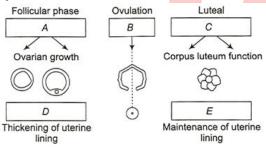
Topic:- Human Reproduction				
1.	The part of fallopian tube closest to the ovary is			
	a) Isthmus	b) Infundibulum	c) Cervix	d) Ampulla
2.	Human male ejaculatesA toB million spand size andD should show vigorous motilia) A-100, B-200, C-30%, D-40% c) A-300, B-400, C-60%, D-40%		-	
3.	Acrosome secretes			
J.	a) Hyaluronic acid	b) Hyaluronidase	c) TSH	d) Fertilizin
4.	Find out the spermato a) A and F	goni <mark>um an</mark> d sper <mark>mato</mark> zo b) C and D	oa in above figure c) F and A	d) D and E
5.	Second meiotic divisio a) Haploid ovum	n in <mark>ovum</mark> leads to the fo b) S <mark>econ</mark> d polar body	ormation of c) Tertiary polar body	d) Both (a) and (b)
6.	In implantation the bla a) Endometrium	astocyst attached to the b) Myometrium	wall of uterus c) Perimetrium	d) Mesoderm
7.	Which of the following groups of cell in the mal a) Spermatogonial cells c) Secondary spermatocytes		le gonad, represent haploid cells? b) Germinal epithelial cells d) Primary spermatocytes	
8.	Parturition is a) Child birth b) Expulsion of the baby from uterus c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above			
9.	Several mammary duca a) Lactiferous duct	Several mammary ducts joins to form a wider mammary ampulla, which is connected to) Lactiferous duct b) Seminiferous duct c) Seminiferous tubules d) Lactiferous canal		

- 10. External opening of penis is called
 - a) Ureter
- b) Urinary bladder
- c) Urethral meatus
- d) Prepuce

- 11. Insemination is
 - a) A sperm injection to increase male fertility
 - c) Inability of male to produce sperms
- b) A cure of male infertility
- d) The transfer of sperms by male in to the genital tract of female

- 12. Sertoli's cells are found
 - a) Between these seminiferous tubules
 - c) In the upper part of the fallopian tube
- b) In the germinal epithelium of ovary
- d) In the germinal epithelium of the seminiferous tubules
- 13. The maximum growth rate occurs in
 - a) Stationary phase
- b) Senescence phase
- c) Lag phase
- d) Exponential phase

- 14. Heart is formed is embryo during of development
 - a) 15 days
- b) One months
- c) 1.5 months
- d) 2 months
- 15. The figure given below illustrates the changes taking place during the human menstruation cycle



Identify hormones *A,B,C,D* and *E* from the figures

In the boxes shown in the figure write the name of the hormone (or hormones) controlling the stage in the human menstrual cycle

- a) A-FSH, B-LH, C-LH, D-Oestrogen, E-Progesterone
- b) A- LH, B- FSH, C-LH, D-Oestrogen, E-Progesterone
- c) A-FSH, B-LH, C-FSH, D-Oestrogen, E-Progesterone
- d) A-FSH, B-LH, C-LH, D- Progesterone, E- Oestrogen
- 16. Organogenesis is the formation of
 - a) Organs
- b) Tissue
- c) Ova
- d) Spinal cord

- 17. ...A... is composed of endoderm inside and splanchonopleuric extraembryonic mesoderm outside. In humans it is small and non-functional except for ...B... to placenta. A and B in the statement refers to
 - a) A-Allantois; B-blood vessel

b) A- Blood vessel; B- allantois

c) A-Amnion; B-amniotic cavity

- d) A-Endoderm; B-ectoderm
- 18. *In vitro fertilization* is a technique that involves transfer of which one of the following into the fallopian tube?
 - a) Embryo only, upto 8 celled stage
 - b) Either zygote or early embryo upto 8 celled stage
 - c) embryo of 32 celled stage
 - d) Zygote only
- 19. What happens during the follicular phase of menstrual cycle?
 - a) Proliferation of endometrium wall

b) Reduction of endometrium wall

c) Shadding of endometrium wall

d) No effect on endometrium wall

- 20. Adrenal gland is derived from
 - a) Ectoderm
 - c) Both (a) and (b)

- b) Mesoderm
- d) Ectoderm and endoderm