

Class : XIIth Date : Subject : PHYSICS DPP No. : 4

Topic :- RAY OPTICS AND OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS

1.	Line spectrum contains information about					
	a) The atoms of the prism c) The molecules of the source			b) The atoms of the source		
				d) The atoms as well as molecules of the source		
2.	Convergence of concave mirror can be decreased by dipping in					
	a) Water	b) Oil		c) Both	d)None of these	
3.	Two thin lenses, one o	ie of focal length $+60 \ cm$ and the other of focal length $-20 \ cm$ are put in				
	contact. The combined foca <mark>l length is</mark>					
	a) + 15 <i>cm</i>	b) <mark>–15</mark> 0	cm	c) + 30 <i>cm</i>	d) –30 <i>cm</i>	
4.	A spherical mirror forms an image of m <mark>agnif</mark> icati <mark>on 3.</mark> The object distance, if focal lengt					
	mirror is 24 cm, may	be				
	a) 32 cm, 24 cm	b) 3 <mark>2 cn</mark>	n, 16 cm	c) 32 cm only	d) 16 cm only	
5.	A candle is placed before a <mark>thick plane mirror. When l</mark> ooked obliquely in the mirror, a number					
	of images are seen from th <mark>e surf</mark> aces of the plane mirror. Then					
	a) first image is bright	est		b) second image	is brightest	
	:) third image is brightest			d) all images bey	d) all images beyond second are brightest	
6.	A square wire of side 1 cm is placed perpendicular to the principle axis of a concave mirror of					
	focal length 15 cm at a distance of 20 cm. The area enclosed by the image of the wire is					
	a) 4 cm ²	b) 6 cm ²		c) 2 cm ²	d) 9 cm ²	
7.	When an object is kept at a distance of 30 cm from a concave mirror, the image is formed at a					
	distance of 10 cm. If the object is moved with a speed of 9 ${ m ms}^{-1}$, the speed with which images					
	moved is					
	a) $0.1 {\rm m s}^{-1}$	b)1 ms⁻	-1	c) 3 ms ⁻¹	d) 9 ms ⁻¹	
8.	A convex mirror forms an image one-fourth the size of the object. If object is at a distance					
	m from the mirror, the focal length of mirror is					
	a) 0.17 m	b) — 1.5	m	c) 0.4 m	d) – 0.4 m	
9.	The wavelength of light in two liquids ' x ' and ' y ' is 3500 Å and 7000 Å, then the critical angle of					
	<i>x</i> relative to <i>y</i> will be					
	a) 60°	b) 45°		c) 30°	d)15°	

10. The graph shows how the magnification *m* produced by a convex thin lens varies with image distance *v*. What was the focal length of the used lines



- 17. A glass lens is placed in a medium in which it is found to behave like a glass plate. Refractive index of the medium will be
 - a) Greater than the refractive index of glass
 - b) Smaller than the refractive index of glass
 - c) Equal to refractive index of glass
 - d) No case will be possible from above

- 18. A double convex lens ($R_1 = R_2 = 100$ cm) having focal length equal to the focal length of a concave mirror. The radius of the concave mirror is a) 10 cm b) 20 cm c) 40 cm d) 15 cm
- 19. A candle placed 25 *cm* from a lens, forms an image on a screen placed 75 *cm* on the other end of the lens. The focal length and type of the lens should be
 a) +18.75 *cm* and convex lens
 b) -18.75 *cm* and concave lens
 - c) +20.25 cm and convex lens d) -20.25 cm and concave lens
- 20. If sound travelling at 340 ms⁻¹ enters water where its speed becomes 1480 ms⁻¹, then critical angle for total internal reflection is
 - a) 13.3° b) 89.7° c) 86.7° d) 10.3°

