

Class: XIth
Date:
Subject: BIOLOGY
DPP No.: 2

## **Topic :- Plant Growth & Development**

			n & Development			
1.	Charles Darwin and Francis Darwin are related with					
	a) Vernalisation		b) Effect of plant hormo	b) Effect of plant hormones (auxin)		
	c) Photoperiodism		d) Phototropism			
2.	Vernalisation can be reversed by					
	a) Application of high temperature		b) Application of auxin	b) Application of auxin		
	c) Application of more less temperature		d) Application of gibber	d) Application of gibberellins		
3.	Constantly dividing cells, both at the root apex and shoot apex represents					
	a) Elongation phase of the growth		b) Meristematic phase	b) Meristematic phase of the growth		
	c) Maturation phase of the	e growth	d) None of the above			
4.	In most of the higher plants, the growingA bud inhibits the growth ofB bud, a phenomenon called					
	apical dominance. Remova <mark>l of the shoot ti</mark> ps usually results in growth ofC buds.					
	Complete the given statement with the correct combination of options given in the codes below					
	a) A-lateral, B-axillary, C-a <mark>xillar</mark> y		b) A-apical, B-lateral, C	b) A-apical, B-lateral, C-apical		
	c) A-apical, B-lateral, C-lat <mark>eral</mark>		d) A-lateral, B-apical, C-lateral			
5.	How many gibberellins are reported from widely different organism such as plant and fungi?					
	a) More than 50	b) More than 75	c) More than 100	d) More than 25		
6.	Abscisic acid is primarily synthesized in					
	a) Lysosomes	b) Golgi complex	c) Chloroplast	d) Ribosomes		
7.	Cytokinins are formed in					
	a) Roots	b) Leaves	c) Fruits	d) Stems		
8.	Which hormone (PGR) encounters the apical dominance induced by auxin?					
	a) IAA	b) Cytokinin	c) C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	d) NAA		

9.	The terms auxin is applied I. IAA II. IBA III. NAA IV. 2-4-D Select the correct option	d to			
	a) I, II and III	b) II, III and IV	c) I, III and IV	d) I, II, III and IV	
10.	Which of the following is a a) Auxin	an anti-gibberellin? b) ABA	c) Ethylene	d) Cytokinin	
11.	Which hormone is respon a) IAA	sible for apical growth? b) ABA	c) GA	d) All of these	
12.	Increase in the girth of plant (organ) takes place by a) Vascular cambium c) Both (a) and (b)		<ul><li>b) Cork cambium</li><li>d) Root and shoot apical meristem</li></ul>		
13.	Effect of photoperiod on g a) Vernalisation	growth and development o b) Photoperiodism	f plants especially on flowe c) Both (a) and (b)	ring is called d) Phototaxis	
14.	Vernalisation was found ba) FW Went	b) Darwin	c) Lysenko	d) Cousins	
15.	The phytohormone that h a) ABA	e <mark>lps in germinat</mark> ion of seed b) Auxin	d, is c) Gibberellin	d) Cytokinin	
16.	Gibberellic acid induces flowering  a) In some gymnospermic plants only  c) In short day plants under long day conditions		b) In long day plants under short day conditions d) In day –neutral plants under dark conditions		
17.	Vernalization is done at a) Lower temperature	b) Low light intensity	c) Higher temperature	d) High light intensity	
18.	Development includes (pl I. Differentiation II. Redifferentiation III. Dedifferentiation Select the right combinati a) I and II		c) III and I	d) I, II and III	
19.	'Bakane' disease is related to (hormone and plant)  Hormone Plant				
	<ul><li>a) Auxin Wheat</li><li>c) Gibberellin Rice</li></ul>		<ul><li>b) Cytokinin Corn</li><li>d) Ethylene Tomato</li></ul>		

- 20. One set of a plant was grown at 12 hours day 12 hours night period cycles and it flowered, while in the other set night phase was interrupted by flash of light and it did not produce flower. Under which one of the following categories will you place this plant?
  - a) Long day
- b) Darkness neutral
- c) Day neutral
- d) Short day

