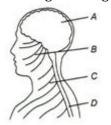


Class: XIth Subject: BIOLOGY

Date: DPP No.:5

Topic:- Neural Control & Coordination

- 1. Arbor vitae is part of
 - a) Cerebrum
- b) Cerebellum
- c) Midbrain
- d) Forebrain
- 2. In the given diagram, identify the components of CNS from the codes given below



Codes

- a) B and C
- b) B and D
- c) C and D
- d) A and D

- 3. Vitreous humour is
 - a) Colloid
 - c) Mucoid connective tissue

- b) Watery fluid
- d) All of the above
- 4. Sense of smell is perceived by
 - a) Pituitary
- b) Hypothalamus
- c) Olfactory lobe
- d) Cerebrum

- 5. In the central nervous system
 - a) White matter contains many nerve cell bodies
 - b) The myelin sheaths are formed by Schwann cells
 - c) The neurons are protected from changes in plasma composition
 - d) The cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) is an ultrafiltrate of plasma
- 6. Meissner's corpuscles occur in
 - a) Brain
- b) Nerve cells
- c) Skin
- d) Tongue

- 7. The wall of the human eyeball is composed of
 - a) Sclerotic, choroid and retinal layer
 - c) Sclera, cornea and ciliary body
- b) Sclera, cornea and choroid
- d) Sclera, choroid and iris

8.	Thermoregulatory centre of human body is associated with	
	a) Cerebrum b) Cerebellum	c) Hypothalamus d) Medulla oblongata
9.	The axons transmit nerve impulses from the a) Synapse c) Axon of another cell	cell body to a b) Dendrite of the same cell d) All of these
10.	Grey matter of the brain is I. present outside the white matter II. matter containing medullated nerve fibres III. grey in colour IV. matter containing cell bodies Which of the statements mentioned above ar a) Only I b) Only II	
11	In the central newsque exists my myelinetee	d fibrag form the subile the new myslingted
11.	fibre cells form the a) Grey matter, white matter c) Ependymal cells, neurosecretory cells	b) White matter, grey matter d) Neurosecretory cells, ependymal cells
12.	Pneumotaxic centre which can moderate	the functions of the respiratory rhythm centre
	is present at	
	a) Pons region of brain	b) Thalamus
	c) Spinal cord	d) Right cerebral hemisphere
13	Which of the following cranial nerves is p	resent in rabbit but absent in frog?
10.	a) Glossopharyngeal b) Hypoglossal	c) Olfactory d) Optic
	, , , ,	
14. Hypothalamus does not control		
	a) Hunger and satiety b) Thermoregulatio	n c) Osmoregulation d) Emotions
15.	impulse in human ears from the codes given below I. Vibration is transferred from the malleus to the incus and then to stapes II. Basiliar membrane moves up and down III. Nerve impulse is transmitted by cochlear nerve to auditory cortex of brain for impulse analysis and recognition IV. Sound waves pass through ear canal V. Stereocilia of hair cells of organ of Corti rub against tectorial membrane VI. Sound waves causes ear drum to vibrate VII. Nerve impulse is generated	

VIII. Vibrations move from fluid of vestibular canal to the fluid tymapanic canal IX. Membrane at oval window vibrates

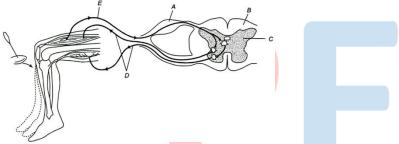
Codes

a) IV, VI, I, IX, VIII, II, V, VII, III

b) I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX

c) IX, VIII, VII, VI, V, IV, III, II, I

- d) IV, VI, I, VIII, IX, II, V, VII, III
- 16. Which is the largest body cell?
 - a) Neurons
- b) RBCs
- c) Osteocytes
- d) Sperms
- 17. Which one of the following pairs of structures distinguishes a nerve cell from other types of cell?
 - a) Perikaryon and dendrites
- b) Vacuoles and fibres
- c) Flagellum and medullary sheath
- d) Nucleus and mitochondria
- 18. Identify the parts labelled as A and E and choose the correct option for the diagrammatic representation of reflex action showing knew-jerk reflex



- a) A-Dorsal root ganglion, B-White matter, C-Gray matter, D-Afferent pathway, D-Efferent pathway
- b) A-Dorsal root ganglion, B-White matter, C-Gray matter, D-Efferent pathway, D-Afferent pathway
- c) A-Dorsal root ganglion, B-Gray matter, C-White matter, D-Efferent pathway, D-Afferent pathway
- d) A-Ventral root ganglion, B-White matter, C-Gray matter, D-Efferent pathway, D-Afferent pathway
- 19. The medulla contains centres which control
 - a) Respiration

b) Cardiovascular reflexes

c) Gastric secretions

- d) All of the above
- 20. Cranium is the protective covering of
 - a) Lungs
- b) Eye balls
- c) Brain
- d) Uterus