

CLASS : XII<sup>th</sup>

DATE :

SUBJECT : CHEMISTRY

DPP NO. :2

## Topic :-HYDROGEN

- Which element forms maximum compound in chemistry?  
a) O    b) H    c) Si    d) C
- The bleaching properties of  $H_2O_2$  are due to its:  
a) Reducing properties    b) Oxidizing properties    c) Unstable nature                      d) Acidic nature
- Which one of the following is called amphoteric solvent?  
a) Ammonium hydroxide                      b) Chloroform  
c) Benzene    d) Water
- The colour of hydrogen is  
a) Yellow    b) Orange    c) Black    d) Colourless
- The amount of  $H_2O_2$  present in 1 L of 1.5  $NH_2O_2$  solution is:  
a) 2.5 g    b) 25.5 g    c) 3.0 g    d) 8.0 g
- $H_2O_2$  is prepared in the laboratory when:  
a)  $MnO_2$  is added to dilute cold  $H_2SO_4$   
b)  $BaO_2$  is added to  $CO_2$  bubbling through cold water  
c)  $PbO_2$  is added to an acidified solution of  $KMnO_4$   
d)  $Na_2O_2$  is added to boiling water
- Decolourisation of acidified potassium permanganate occurs when  $H_2O_2$  is added to it. This is due to:  
a) Oxidation of  $KMnO_4$   
b) Reduction of  $KMnO_4$   
c) Both oxidation and reduction of  $KMnO_4$   
d) None of the above
- Which hydride is neutral?  
a)  $H_2S$     b)  $H_2O$     c)  $H_2Se$     d)  $H_2Te$
- Hydrogen burns with:  
a) Smoky flame    b) Yellow flame    c) Blue flame    d) Pale yellow flame

10. Zeolites are extensively used in:  
a) Softening of water and catalyst  
b) Preparing heavy water  
c) Increasing the hardness of water  
d) Mond's process
11. Deuterium, an isotope of hydrogen is:  
a) Radioactive  
b) Non-radioactive  
c) Heaviest  
d) Lightest
12. Which is the lightest gas?  
a) Nitrogen  
b) Hydrogen  
c) Helium  
d) Oxygen
13. Temporary hardness is caused due to the presence of:  
a)  $\text{CaSO}_4$   
b)  $\text{CaCl}_2$   
c)  $\text{CaCO}_3$   
d)  $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$
14.  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  is:  
a) Diamagnetic  
b) Paramagnetic  
c) Ferromagnetic  
d) None of these
15. Commercial 11.2 volume  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  solution has a molarity of  
a) 1.0  
b) 0.5  
c) 11.2  
d) 1.12
16. The life period of atomic hydrogen is:  
a) Only five minute  
b) Only one third of a second  
c) Only two hour  
d) 10 second
17. There is a sample of 20 volume of hydrogen peroxide solution. Calculate its strength  
a) 6.07%  
b) 3.035%  
c) 2.509%  
d) 4.045%
18. When the same amount of zinc is treated separately with excess of sulphuric acid and excess of sodium hydroxide, the ratio of volumes of hydrogen evolved is:  
a) 1 : 1  
b) 1 : 2  
c) 2 : 1  
d) 9 : 4
19. Atomic hydrogen is obtained by:  
a) Electrolysis of heavy water  
b) Reaction of water with heavy metals  
c) Thermal decomposition of water  
d) Passing silent electric discharge through hydrogen at low pressure
20. Which loses weight on exposure to the atmosphere?  
a) Concentrated  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$   
b) Solid  $\text{NaOH}$   
c) A saturated solution of  $\text{CO}_2$   
d) Anhydrous sodium carbonate