

CLASS: XIIth DATE:

SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY

DPP NO.: 1

Topic:-HYDROCARBONS

1. The presence of unsaturation (olefinic or acetylinic bond) in an organic compound can be tested with:

a) Schiff's reagent

b) Tollen's reagent

c) Fehling's solution

- d) Baeyer's reagent
- 2. An alkene on reductive ozonolysis gives 2-molecules of CH₂(CHO)₂. The alkene is

a) 2,4-hexadiene

b) 1,3-cyclohexadiene

c) 1,4-cyclohexadiene

- d) 1-methyl-1, 3-cyclopentadiene
- 3. A mixture of ethyl iodide and n-propyl iodide is subjected to Wurtz reaction. The hydrocarbon that will not be formed is:

a) *n*-butane

b) *n*-propane

c) *n*-pentane

- d)*n*-hexane
- 4. Which of the following reacts with benzene in presence of anhydrous aluminium chloride and forms acetophenone?

a) CH₃Cl

b) CH₃COOH

c) CH₃CHO

d) CH₃COCl

5. Oxidation of 1-butene with hot KMnO₄ solution produces

a) $CH_3CH_2COOH + HCOOH$

b) $CH_3CH_2COOH + CO_2$

c) $CH_3COOH + CO_2$

- d) $(CH_3)_2C = 0 + CO_2$
- 6. Action of Br₂on cyclopentene gives:
 - a) 1,2-dibromo cyclopentane
 - b) Cyclopentyl bromide
 - c) Cyclopentyl dibromide
 - d) No reaction
- 7. Which of the following species is aromatic?





c)



a) 😞

8. Propene, CH_3 — $CH = CH_2$ can be converted into 1-propanol by oxidation. Which set of reagents among the following is ideal to effect the conversion?

	a) Alkaline KMnO ₄	b) B_2H_6 and alk. H_2O_2	c) O ₃ /zinc dust	d) OsO ₄ /CHCl ₃
9.	Compound which gives a) $CH_3 - CH = CH - CC$ c) $C_6H_5CH = CH_2$	ves acetone on ozonoly \mathtt{CH}_3	ysis b) $(CH_3)_2C = C(CH_3)_2$ d) $CH_3CH = CH_2$	2
10. Toluene, when treated with Br_2/Fe , gives p-bromotoluene as the major product because the H_3 group				
	a) Is meta directingc) activates the ring by hyperconjugation		b) deactivates the ring d) None of the above	
11.	Alkynes occur in natur a) Free state	e in the: b) Partially free state	c) Not in the free state	d) None of the above
12.	Which of the following a) Ethane	will have least hindered b) Ethylene	l rotation about carbon- c) Acetylene	carbon bond? d) Hexachloroethane
13. Identify Z in the series, $CH_2 = CH_2 \xrightarrow{HBr} X \xrightarrow{\text{Aq.KOH}} Y \xrightarrow{\text{NaCO}_3} Z$				
GII,	•	b) C ₂ H ₅ OH	c) CHI ₃	d) CH ₃ CHO
14.	Action of NH ₃ over C ₂ Ha) Amine	I ₂ at <mark>high t</mark> emper <mark>ature</mark> g b) F <mark>uran</mark>	ives: c) Thiophene	d) Pyrrole
	•			
15.	a) Na in alcohol	b) Na in dry ether	ne when it is made to rea	d) Zn in dry ether
16.	Polyethylene is a resin a) Butadiene	obtained by polymeriza b) Ethylene	ntion of: c) Isoprene	d) Styrene
17.	Cyclohexane (C_6H_{12}) a hydrocarbon, floats on water because: a) It is immiscible with water b) Its density is less than that of water c) It is a non-polar substance d) It is immiscible and lighter than water			
18.	Which of the following a) Synthetic dyes	are produced from coal b) Drugs	tar? c) Perfumes	d) All of these

19. The reduction of an alkyne to alkene using lithium metal in liquid ammonia as solvent results into

- a) cis addition of hydrogen atoms
- b) trans addition of hydrogen atoms

- c) Both cis and trans additions of hydrogen atoms. The relative amounts of the two depends on temperature
- d) Both cis and trans additions of hydrogen atoms. The relative amounts depend on the nature of alkyne
- 20. Propene on reaction with hypochlorous acid to give

