

Topic :- THE D-AND F-BLOCK ELEMENTS

- 1 **(b)**
Ni combines with CO to form volatile Ni(CO)₄ which decomposes to give pure Ni metal and CO on heating.
$$\text{Ni(CO)}_4 \xrightarrow{\text{Heat}} \text{Ni} + 4\text{CO}\uparrow$$

Volatile metal
- 2 **(c)**
In Bessemer's converter impurities of C, Mn, Si, P in pig iron are oxidized to produce steel.
- 3 **(b)**
[Ag(CN)₂]⁻
- 4 **(d)**
Due to lanthanide contraction there occurs net decrease in size. Only one 0.85 Å is smaller one.
- 5 **(a)**
When oxyhaemoglobin changes to deoxyhaemoglobin, Fe²⁺ ion changes from diamagnetic to paramagnetic.
- 6 **(c)**
Zn blende is ZnS.
- 7 **(d)**
Transitional metal ion having unpaired electrons are coloured while those which have no unpaired electron are colourless.
TiF₆²⁻
Ti⁴⁺: [Ar]3d⁰; 0 unpaired electrons; colourless
Cu₂Cl₂
Cu⁺: [Ar]3d¹⁰; 0 unpaired electrons; colourless
CoF₆³⁻,
Co³⁺: [Ar]3d⁶; 4 unpaired electrons; coloured
NiCl₄²⁻
Ni²⁺: [Ar]3d⁸; 2 unpaired electrons; coloured

- 8 **(d)**
Ti : $3d^2 4s^2$; V: $3d^3 4s^2$; Cr: $3d^5 4s^1$; Mn: $3d^5 4s^2$;
Ti²⁺: $3d^2$; V³⁺: $3d^2$; Cr⁴⁺: $3d^2$; Mn⁵⁺: $3d^2$
- 9 **(d)**
 $\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + 2\text{NH}_3 \rightarrow \text{HgNH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{Hg} + \text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$
white black
- 10 **(b)**
Molybdenum steel is resistant to acid.
- 11 **(b)**
A characteristic of transition elements.
- 12 **(c)**
A characteristic hydride formation by *d*-block elements.
- 13 **(a)**
RBCs contain Fe in haemoglobin.
- 15 **(d)**
Pt is a noble metal.
- 16 **(c)**
ZnS (white), is precipitated in weak acidic medium ZnCl₂ (aq.) and Zn(NO₃)₂ (aq.) give strongly acidic solution.
- 17 **(b)**
Zn, Cd, Hg are *d*-block elements but not regarded as transition elements because these do not have partially filled *d*-orbitals in their most common oxidation states
- 18 **(b)**
The solubility order is $\text{AgF} > \text{AgCl} > \text{AgBr} > \text{AgI} > \text{Ag}_2\text{S}$
- 19 **(b)**
Brass is an alloy of copper and zinc (60 – 80% Cu and 40 – 20% Zn).
- 20 **(c)**
 $\text{Fe}^{2+} \rightarrow \text{Fe}^{3+} + e$; $\text{Mn}^{7+} + 5e \rightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+}$

| ANSWER-KEY | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Q. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| A. | B | C | B | D | A | C | D | D | D | B |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q. | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| A. | B | C | A | D | D | C | B | B | B | C |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

PE