

DPP

DAILY PRACTICE PROBLEMS

CLASS : XIITH
DATE :

Solutions

SUBJECT : PHYSICS
DPP NO. : 1

Topic :- Current Electricity

1 (d)

$$\text{Current} = \frac{\text{net emf}}{\text{net resistance}}$$

or $I = \frac{2+2+2}{1+1+1+2} = \frac{6}{5} = 1.2A$

2 (b)

The bridge will be balanced when the shunted resistance of value 2Ω ie, $2 = \frac{3 \times S}{3+S}$. On solving $S = 6\Omega$

4 (a)

Using Wheatstone principle $\frac{P}{Q} = \frac{R}{S} = \frac{R}{100-l}$

$$= \frac{35}{100-35} = \frac{35}{65} = \frac{7}{13}$$

5 (a)

If resistances of bulbs are R_1 and R_2 respectively then in parallel

$$\frac{1}{R_p} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\left(\frac{V^2}{P_p}\right)} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{V^2}{P_1}\right)} + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{V^2}{P_2}\right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_p = P_1 + P_2$$

6 (c)

1st case

$$\frac{30}{P+Q} = \frac{l}{(100-l)}$$
$$\frac{30}{P+Q} = \frac{37.5}{(100-37.5)}$$
$$\frac{30}{P+Q} = \frac{37.5}{62.5}$$
$$P+Q = \frac{30 \times 62.5}{37.5}$$

$$P + Q = 50 \quad \dots(i)$$

Ind case

$$\frac{30}{PQ} = \frac{l}{(100 - l)}$$

$$\frac{30(P + Q)}{PQ} = \frac{71.4}{(100 - 71.4)}$$

$$\frac{30 \times 50}{PQ} = \frac{71.4}{28.6}$$

$$PQ = \frac{30 \times 50 \times 28.6}{71.4}$$

$$P \approx 600 \quad \dots(ii)$$

So, from Eqs. (i) and (ii)

$$P = 30\Omega \text{ and } Q = 20\Omega$$

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(b)

$$r = \left(\frac{l_1 - l_2}{l_2}\right) \times R' = \left(\frac{l_1 - 2}{2}\right) \times 5 \quad \dots(i)$$

$$\text{and } r = \left(\frac{l_1 - 3}{3}\right) \times 10 \quad \dots(ii)$$

on solving (i) and (ii), $r = 10 \Omega$

8

(b)

$$\text{No. of ions liberated } (n) = \frac{I \times t}{e \times \text{Valency}(p)}$$

$$ie, n \propto \frac{1}{p}$$

$$\therefore \frac{n_{\text{Ag}}}{n_{\text{Al}}} = \frac{P_{\text{Al}}}{P_{\text{Ag}}} = \frac{3}{1}$$

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(b)

$$\text{Heat produced} = \frac{V^2 t}{4.2 R} = mL$$

$$\text{or } m = \frac{V^2}{4.2 R L} = \frac{(210)^2 \times 1}{4.2 \times 50 \times 80} = 2.62 \text{ g}$$

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(c)

$$S = \frac{i_g G}{(i - i_g)} = \frac{1 \times 0.018}{10 - 1} = \frac{0.018}{9} = 0.002\Omega$$

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(b)

$$\text{Order of drift velocity} = 10^{-4} \text{ m/sec} = 10^{-2} \text{ cm/sec}$$

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(c)

Ammeter is always connected in series with circuit

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(d)

Let (ρ_A, l_A, r_A, A_A) and (ρ_B, l_B, r_B, A_B) are specific resistances, lengths, radii and areas of wires A and B respectively.

Resistance of

$$A = R_A = \frac{\rho_A l_A}{A_A} = \frac{\rho_A l_A}{\pi R_A^2}$$

Resistance of

$$B = R_B = \frac{\rho_B l_B}{A_B} = \frac{\rho_B l_B}{\pi r_B^2}$$

For given information

$$\rho_B = 2\rho_A$$

$$r_B = 2r_A$$

$$\text{And } R_A = R_B$$

$$\therefore \frac{\rho_A l_A}{\pi r_A^2} = \frac{\rho_B l_B}{\pi r_B^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\rho_A l_A}{\pi r_A^2} = \frac{2\rho_A \times l_B}{\pi(2r_A)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{l_B}{l_A} = \frac{2}{1} = 2:1$$

14 (b)

$$P = \frac{V^2}{R} \Rightarrow \frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} \Rightarrow \frac{6}{P_2} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow P_2 = 9 \text{ W}$$

15 (a)

An ideal cell has zero resistance

16 (c)

$$i = q/t = ne/t$$

$$\text{or } n = it/e = \frac{2 \times 1}{1.6 \times 10^{-19}} = 1.25 \times 10^{19}$$

17 (b)

In parallel $P_{\text{consumed}} \propto \text{Brightness} \propto \frac{1}{R}$

$$P_A > P_B \text{ [Given]} \therefore R_A < R_B$$

18 (d)

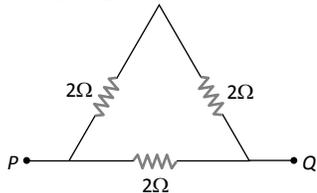
$$I = \frac{P}{V} = \frac{10^5}{200} = 500 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{and } W = zlt = 0.367 \times 10^{-3} \times 500 \times 1 = 0.1835 \text{ g}$$

19 (a)

Equivalent resistance of the combination

$$= \frac{(2+2) \times 2}{2+2+2} = \frac{8}{6} = \frac{4}{3} \Omega$$



20 (d)

Resistance of a conductor varies linearly with temperature as

$$R_t = R_0(1 + \alpha t)$$

For the first conductor

$$T_{t_1} = R_0(1 + \alpha_1 t_1)$$

$$\text{or } \alpha_1 = \frac{Rt_1 - R_0}{t} \dots(i)$$

Similarly, for second conductor

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{Rt_2 - R_0}{t_2} \dots\dots(ii)$$

From Eq. (i) and Eq. (ii), we get

$$\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_2} = \frac{t_2}{t_1}$$

PE

ANSWER-KEY										
Q.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A.	D	B	A	A	A	C	B	B	B	C
Q.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
A.	B	C	D	B	A	C	B	D	A	D

PE