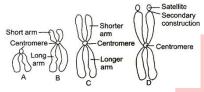


Class: XIth Subject: BIOLOGY

Date: DPP No.: 5

Topic :- Cell the Unit of Life

- 1. Ribosomal RNA (rRNA) is synthesised in
 - a) Nucleolus
- b) Nucleosome
- c) Cytoplasm
- d) Ribosome
- 2. Which of the following organelles does not contain RNA?
 - a) Chromosome
- b) Plasmalemma
- c) Nucleolus
- d) Ribosome
- 3. In the given diagram of types of chromosomes, identify *A-D*



- a) A-Telocentric chromosome, B-Acroc<mark>entric</mark> chromosome, C-Submetacentric chromosome, D-Metacentric chromosome
- b) A-Acrocentric chromosome, B-Telocentric chromosome, C-Metacentric, chromosome, D-Submetacentric chromosome
- c) A-Submetacentric chromosome, B-Metacentric chromosome, C-Telocentric chromosome, D-Acrocentric chromosome
- d) A-Metacentric chromosome, B-Submetacentric chromosome, C-Acrocentric chromosome, D-Telocentric chromosome
- 4. Read the following statements and identify the correct option given.
 - I. In prokaryotic cell, the nuclear membrane, chloroplast, mitochondria, microtubules and different kinds of pili are absent.
 - II. In eukaryotic cell, the nuclear membrane, chloroplast, mitochondria and pili are present.
 - III. In prokaryotic cell, the ribosome is of 70 S type and in mitochondria of eukaryotic animal cell, the ribosome is 80 S type
 - a) I and II are wrong; III is correct
- b) I is correct; II and III are wrong
- c) I and III are correct; III is wrong
- d) I, II and III are wrong
- 5. Schleiden (1838) proposed that cell is the structural and functional unit of life. His idea was a/an
 - a) Assumption
- b) Generalisation
- c) Hypothesis
- d) Observation

6.	In DNA, which of the following is absent?			
	a) Adenine	b) Thymine	c) Guanine	d) Uracil
7.	Which of the following I. Catalase II. Carboxypeptidase III. Succinic dehydroge IV. Peroxidase	g enzymes has/have haer	me as a prosthetic group	o?
	a) I only	b) I and II	c) II and III	d) I and IV
8.	In prokaryotes, chromatophores are a) Specialised granules responsible for colouration of cells b) Structures responsible for organising the shape of the organism c) Incusion bodies lying free inside the cells for carrying out various metabolic activities d) Internal membrane system that may become extensive and complex in photosynthetic bacteria			
9.	hnRNA undergoes two additional processing. Out of which, in one of them an unusual nucleotide (methyl guanosine triphosphate) is added to the 5' – end of hnRNA. This is known as			
	a) Capping	b) Tailing	c) Splicing	d) Termination
10.	In prokaryotic cells, an a) Lysosomes	org <mark>anelle like the</mark> one is b) <mark>Golgi</mark> apparatus	s eukaryotic cells is c) Ribosomes	d) Plastids
11.	Amino acid binding sit a) 5' end	e in t <mark>RNA</mark> is b) Anticodon loop	c) CCA 3' end	d) DHU loop
12.	Protoplasm of a eukary a) Chloroplast	yotic cell is called b) Protoplast	c) Cytoplasm	d) Endoplast
13.	In which cell organelle a) Ribosomes	s, a lipoprotein covering b) Lysosomes	g is absent? c) Mitochondria	d) Peroxisomes
14.	The infoldings in mitochondria are known as a) Cristae b) Matrix		c) Cisternae	d) Thylakoids
15.	Which one is the correct statement about the bacterial cell envelope? a) The outermost cell wall is followed by glycocalyx and then the plasma membrane b) Cell envelope is chemically very simple and consists of only plasma membrane c) The outermost glycocalyx is followed by cell wall and plasma membrane d) The outermost glycocalyx is followed by plasma membrane and then the cell wall			

- 16. Arrange the following cells in an ascending order of their size and select the correct option
 - I. Ostrich eggs
 - II. Mycoplasma
 - III. Bacteria
 - IV. Human RBCs
 - a) II→III→IV→I
- b) I→IV→III→II
- c) $II \rightarrow I \rightarrow IV \rightarrow III$
- d) $I \rightarrow II \rightarrow IV \rightarrow III$

- 17. Eukaryotes includes
 - a) Protists
- b) Fungi
- c) Plants
- d) All of these

- 18. Which enzyme joins DNA fragments?
 - a) DNA ligase
- b) DNA polymerase
- c) DNA gyrase
- d) Topoisomerase

- 19. What is C-value paradox?
 - a) Haploid DNA content
 - c) Constant C-value for all species
- b) Huge variations in C-values for all species
- d) Diploid DNA content
- 20. In fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane
 - a) Upper layer is non-polar and hydrophilic
 - b) Polar layer is hydrophobic
 - c) Phospholipids form a bimolecular layer in middle part
 - d) Proteins from a middle layer