

Subject : BIOLOGY DPP No. : 5 Class: XIth

Date:

Tonic :- Cell Cycle and Cell Division

		_	•	e and Cen Di		
1.	Select the correct s a) $G_2 \rightarrow M \rightarrow G_1 \rightarrow S$ c) $G_1 \rightarrow S \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M$	equence of a cel	l cycle	b) $S \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M \rightarrow G_1$ d) $M \rightarrow G_1 \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M$	<i> - - - - - - - - - - - - -</i>	
2.	Which of the follow I. Meiosis is a doub II. The cells underg III. No bouquet stag IV. Pairing or synap and continues upto Option containing	le division. It give going meiosis ma ge is recorded psis of homologo o metaph <mark>ase-I</mark> correct s <mark>tatem</mark> en	ves rise to f ny be haplo ous chromo	t for meiosis? Four cells id or diploid osomes takes place d	luring zygotene of prophase-	-I
	a) I only	b) I and IV		c) II and III	d) All of these	
3.	Mature nerve cells a) G ₂ -phase	are incapable of b) S-phase	<mark>f cell div</mark> isi	on. These cell are process.	obably considered in d) G_0 -phase	
4.	Mitosis or the equational division is usually restricted toA cells. However, in some lower plants and in some social insectsB cells also divide by mitosis. Choose the correct option for A and B from the given options A B a) Haploid; diploid b) Haploid; haploid c) Diploid; diploid d) Diploid; haploid					
			паріота	c) Dipioia, aipioi	a aj Dipiola, napiola	
5.	The spindles are fo a) Chromosome	ormed of b) Actin		c) Microtubules	d) Myosin	
6.	During mitosis, ER and nucleolus begin to disag a) Late prophase b) Early metaphase		= =	e d) Early prophase		
7.	The plane of alignma) Prophase plate	nent of chromos b) Metapha		metaphase stage of c) Anaphase plate	cell cycle is referred to as the d) Telophase plate	e

- 8. From the following, identify the two correct statements with reference to meiosis
 - I. Bead-like structures are absent on chromosomes
 - II. Displacement of chiasmata occurs in diakinesis
 - III. Separation of two basic sets of chromosomes
 - IV. No division of centromere

The correct option is

- a) II and III
- b) II and IV
- c) III and IV
- d) I and III

- 9. Consider the following statements about colchicine
 - I. It is an alkaloid widely used in plant breeding for doubling the chromosome number
 - II. Colchicine induced polyploidy has been used in raising several varieties of horticulture and agricultural plants

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) Only I
- b) Only II
- c) Both I and II
- d) None of these

- 10. Separation of linked genes is called
 - a) Linkage
- b) Segregation
- c) Crossing over
- d) Genetic mutation

11. Sequence of four phases of cell cycle is

a)
$$G_1 \rightarrow S \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M$$

b)
$$G_1 \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow S \rightarrow M$$

c)
$$S \rightarrow G_1 \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M$$

d)
$$M \rightarrow G_1 \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow S$$



- 12. The division of the cytoplasm is termed as
 - a) Karyokinesis
- b) Mitosis
- c) Cytokinesis d) Meiosis
- 13. Cell would normally proceed to mitosis without interruption
 - a) Once it had started the S-period
 - b) Once it had entered the G₂-phase
 - c) At anytime during cell division
 - d) None of the above
- 14. The two chromatids of a metaphase chromosome represent
 - a) Replicated chromosomes to be separated at anaphase
 - b) Homologous chromosomes of a diploid set
 - c) Non-homologous chromosomes joined at the centromere
 - d) Maternal and paternal chromosomes joined at the centromere
- 15. In the process of mitotic division during interphase, chromosome material remains in the form of very loosely coiled threads called
 - a) Chromosome
- b) Chromatin
- c) Chromatid
- d) Microtubules

- 16. Which is synthesized in G_1 -phase?
 - a) DNA polymerase
- b) Histones
- c) Nucleolar DNA
- d) Tubulin protein
- 17. Which of the following occurs more than one and less than five in a chromosome?
 - a) Chromatid
- b) Chromomere
- c) Centromere
- d) Telomere

- 18. Longest phase of meiosis, is
 - a) Prophase-I
- b) Prophase-II
- c) Anaphase-I
- d) Metaphase-II

- 19. Mitotic stages are not observed in
 - a) Cosmarium
- b) E. coli
- c) Saccharomyces
- d) Chlorella
- 20. Crossing over is also an enzyme mediated process and the enzyme involved is called
 - a) Ligase
- b) Polymerase
- c) Recombinase
- d) Endonuclease

