

Class: XIth

Date:

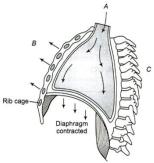
Subject: BIOLOGY

DPP No.: 1

	Topic :- Breathing and Exchange of gases					
1.	Arrange the following in the order of increasing volume I.Tidal volume II.Residual volume III.Expiratory reserve volume IV.Vital capacity a) I < II < III < IV					
2.	Chloride shift occurs in response to					
	a) $HCO_3^-$ b) $K^+$ c) $H^+$ d) $Na^+$					
3.	Which situation would result in the greatest degree of $O_2$ situation for haemoglobin, if $pO_2$ remains constant?  a) Increased $CO_2$ level, decreased temperature b) Decreased $CO_2$ level, decreased temperature c) Increased $CO_2$ level, increased temperature d) Decreased $CO_2$ level, increased temperature					
4.	Blood do not become acidic although it carries $CO_2$ because a) $CO_2$ is continuously diffused though tissues b) $CO_2$ combines with $H_2O$ to form $H_2CO_3$ c) $CO_2$ transport, buffers plays an important role d) $CO_2$ is absorbed by WBC					
5.	On high mountains difficulty in breathing is due to a) Decrease in partial pressure of oxygen c) Increase in carbon dioxide concentration d) All of the above					
6.	What is Bohr's effect? a) Raise of $pCO_2$ or fall in pH decreases the oxygen affinity of haemoglobin b) Decrease of $pCO_2$ or fall in pH decreases the oxygen affinity of haemoglobin c) Raise of $pCO_2$ or increase in pH decreases the oxygen affinity of haemoglobin d) Shifting of the oxygen-haemoglobin curve to left					
7.	One of the major cause of emphysema is					

8.	a) Pollution Animals who use their I. lizard II. frog III. rabbit IV. Zebra Choose the correct opti	b) Smog skin as an accessory res	c) Cigarette smoking piratory organ are	d) Sanitary condition	
	a) I and II	b) Only I	c) IV and II	d) Only II	
9.	When the oxygen supply to the tissues is inadequate, the condition is				
	a) Hypoxia	b) Asphyxia	c) Pleuracy	d) Anoxia	
10.	The percentage of oxygen in inhaled air is about				
	a) 21%	b) 16%	c) 79%	d)4%	
11.	I. Respiration in humans is an active process II. Diaphragm helps in generating the pressure gradient in the lungs Choose the correct option a) I – True, II – False b) I – True, II – True c) I – False, II – True d) I – False, II – False				
12.	When carbon dioxide concentration in blood increases, breathing becomes				
	<ul><li>a) Shallower and slow</li><li>c) Slow and deep</li></ul>		b) There is no effect on d) Faster and deeper	breathing	
13.	I. Intra pulmonary pressure remains less than the atmospheric pressure II. There is negative pressure in the lungs than the atmospheric pressure In which of the above two situations inspiration takes place? Choose the correct option accordingly? a) Only I b) Only II c) Both I and II d) I or II				
14.	Under which condition, dissociation of oxygen from oxyhaemoglobin in tissues occurs?				
	a) Low $\rho O_2$	b) High $ ho$ CO <sub>2</sub>	c) High H <sup>+</sup>	d) All of these	

15. In the given diagram, identify what is depicted by *A*,*B* and *C* Choose the correct option



- a) A-Air going out from lungs, B-Ribs and sternum relaxed, C-Volume of thorax increased
- b) A-Air entering lungs, B-Ribs and sternum relaxed, C-Volume of thorax increased
- c) A-Air entering lungs, B-Ribs and sternum raised, C-Volume of thorax increased
- d) A-Air going out from lungs, B-Ribs and sternum relaxed, C-Volume of thorax decreased
- 16. Which of the following statement is false?
  - a) The conducting part of the respiratory system transports the atmospheric air to alveoli
  - b) Conducting part of the respiratory system clears the air from foreign particles, humidifies and brings it to the body temperature
  - Exchange part of the respiratory system is the actual site at which  $O_2$  and  $CO_2$  exchange takes place
  - d) None of the above
- 17. Lungs comprises
  - a) Network of bronchi b) Bronchioles
- c) Alveoli
- d) All of these
- 18. Which of the following statement is incorrect about nasopharynx?
  - a) Internal nostrils opens into nasopharynx
  - b) It is the common passage for air only
  - c) It is a portion of pharynx
  - d) Nasopharynx opens through the glottis of the larynx region into the trachea
- 19. Pneumonia is an infection of
  - a) Trachea
- b) Larynx
- c) Vocal cord
- d) Lungs

20. Which of the following equation is correct?

a) 
$$KHbO_2 + H^+ \xrightarrow{RBC} Hb + K + H_2O$$

Association
in tissues
$$Dissociation$$
in lungs

d) 
$$HbO_2$$
  $\xrightarrow{\text{Dissociation}}$   $Hb + O_2$   $\xrightarrow{\text{Association}}$   $Hb + O_2$  in lungs

