

Class: XIth Subject: BIOLOGY Date: DPP No.: 2

Topic :- The Living World

- 1. According to binomial nomenclature, scientific name of an organism consists of
 - a) Generic name
- b) Specific epithet
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of these
- 2. Different (various) group of ranks or levels in classification is known/called as
 - a) Category
- b) Order

- c) Genera
- d) Taxon

- 3. Species is considered as
 - a) Largest taxon of taxonomy/classification
 - b) Key of taxonomy/classification
 - c) Smallest taxon of faxonomy/classification
 - d) Both small and largest unit of taxonomy/classification
- 4. Which one of the following is the feature of phylum-Chordata is also exhibited by adult tunicate?
 - a) Possession of visceral slits

- b) Possession of a ventral chord
- c) Possession of closed vascular system
- d) Possession of ventral tubular nervous system
- 5. Choose the correct classification for the given plant



- a) Plantae, Anglosperm, Monocotyledons
- b) Plantae, Anglosperm, Dicotyledons
- c) Plantae, Gymnosperm, Monocot
- d) Plantae, Pteridophytes, Dicot
- 6. Scientific study of diversity of organisms and their evolutionary relationship is
 - a) Morphology
- b) Anatomy
- c) Taxonomy
- d) Systematics

7.	Different (various) group a) Category	of ranks or levels in classis b) Order	fication is known/called as c) Genera	d) Taxon		
8.	The concept that monoco a) Bentham and Hooker	ts are more primitive than b) Theophrastus	dicots was proposed by c) Aristole	d) Engler and Prantl		
9.	A defining property or characteristic of living organisms is a) Increase in mass b) Development c) Response to external stimuli d) Growth					
10.	What is the old name of In a) National Board of Wild b) Central Board of Wildlif c) Board of Wildlife d) Wildlife Protection Board	llife Animal ife				
11.	Species are consider as a) Artificial concept of human mind which cannot be defined in absolute terms b) Real units of classification devised by taxonomists c) Real basic units of classification d) The lowest units of classification					
12.	• • •	v throughout their life spotion to complete the given b) Cell differentiation	NCERT statement	d) None of these		
13.	Growth in unicellular organisms can be observed by a) Counting the mass of cultured cells b) Analysing the amount of nutrient absorb by living organism c) Growth can not be observed d) In vitro culture by simply counting the number of cells under microscope					
14.	Largest herbarium in the a) Conservatory and Bota b) New York Botanical Gac) Royal Botanical Garder d) British, Museum of Nat	nical Garden, Geneva orden n, Kew (London)				

15.	Taxonomic hierarchy refers to a) Stepwise arrangement of all categories for classification of plants and animals b) A group of senior taxonomists, who decide the nomenclature of plants and animals c) A list of botanists or zoologists, who have worked on taxonomy of a species or group d) Classification of a species based on fossil record					
16.	A perennial shrub has compound leaves and solitary zygomorphic and epigynous flowers. Each flower reveals dichlamydeous condition with many stamens and multiple fruit with exalbuminous seeds. What is the ratio of advanced and primitive characters in it?					
17.	a) 1:2 b) 2:3 c) 1:1 d) 3:2 A germplasm is a a) Collection of seeds or plants consists diverse alleles of all genes in a crop b) Collection of specimens of all the species of botanical garden c) Collection of hybrid varieties of plants					
	d) Seed or pollar collection of threatened species of a group					
18.	Which one of the followin a) Genus	g has a real existence? b) Species	c) Family	d) Order		
19.	Binomial system of classif a) Embryology	fication was based on b) Morphology	c) Cytology	d) Anatomy		
20.	Which is not a category? a) Asteraceae/Fabaceae	b) Species	c) Phylum	d) Class		