

Class : XIIth Date : Subject : BIOLOGY DPP No. : 2

Topic :- Human Reproduction

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1.	The males of honey bee are produced by					
	a) Sexually	b) Budding	c) Spore formation	d) Parthenogenesis		
2.	During pregnancy which one of the following is excreted?					
	a) hCG	b) FSH	c) LH	d) Progesterone		
3.	Identical twins are					
	a) Monozygotic	b) Isozygotic	c) Bizygotic	d) All of these		
4.	If for some, reason, the vasa efferentia in the human reproductive system get blocked, the gametes will not be transported form					
	a) Epididymis to vas deferens		b) Ovary to uterus			
	c) Vagina to uterus		d) Testes to epididymis			
5.	Which one of the following pairs correctly matches a hormone with a disease resulting from its deficiency?					
	a) Luteinizing hormone		,	Diabetes insipidus		
	c) Thyroxine	- Tetany	d) Parathyroid hormone	- Diabetes mellitus		
6.	Pouch in which is the testes are suspended outside the abdominal cavity, is					
	a) Tunica albuginia	b) Inguinal canal	c) Epididymis	d) Scrotum		
7.	Hormone which causes the parturition is					
	a) Oestrogen	b) Oxytocin	c) Prostaglandin	d) All of these		
8.	Select the correct statement.					
	a) Cleavage follows gastrulationc) Cleavage is repeated mitotic division of zygote		b) Yolk content in egg has no role in cleavaged) Gastrulation and blastulation are followed by each other			
9.	Colostrum is important for newly born because					
	a) Colostrum have antigen					
	b) Colostrum have antibody					
	c) Both (a) and (b)					
	d) Colostrum have more nutrients than ordinary milk					

10.	A pair of bulbourethral gland also calledA gland present on the either side ofB It secretsC fluid andD for lubricating the penis. Here A, B, C and D are a) A-Cowper's, B-Urethra, C-Alkaline, D-Mucous b) A-Prostate, B-Urethra, C-Acidic, D-Mucous c) A-Cowper's B-Scrotum, C-Acidic, D-Mucous d) A-Prostate, B-Scrotum, C-Alkaline, D-Mucous						
11.	 ZIFT is a) Transfer of zygote into the fallopian tube b) Transfer of embryo into the uterus c) Transfer of mixture of sperms and ova into the fallopian tube d) Transfer of mixture of sperms and ova into the uterus 						
12.	Maturation of sperm befo	turation of sperm before penetration is called					
	a) Spermatogenesis	b) Spermiogenesis	c) Capacitation	d) Spermatid			
13.	Attachment of blastocyst a) Fertilization	of uterine wall is called b) Implantation	c) Deplantation	d) All of these			
14.	 In testis, the immature germ cells produce sperm byA at pubertyB present on the inside wall of seminiferous tubules multiply byC division and increase their number. Identify A, B and C from the above statement a) A-secondary spermatocytes, B-primary spermatocytes, C-mitosis b) A- primary spermatocytes, B- secondary spermatocytes, C-mitosis c) A-spermatogenesis, B-spermatogonia, C-mitosis d) A- spermatogonia, B- spermatogenesis, C-meios 						
15.	Ovaries are theA sex organs which produce ovum and several steroid hormone calledB Here A and B refers to						
	a) A-secondary; B-testosterone c) A-primary; B-ovarian hormones		b) A-tertiary; B-inhibin d) A-primary; B-testosterone				
16.	Ceasation of menstrual cy a) Ovulation	ycle at the age of 50 is calle b) Gametogenesis	d c) Menses	d) Menopause			
17.	Programmed cell death is a) Autotomy	s scientifically termed as b) Cell lysis	c) Apoptosis	d) None of these			
18.	During spermatogenesis, a) Spermatogonium c) Secondary spermatocy		ontain haploid number of chromosomes? b) Primary spermatocyte d) Spermatid				

19. The figure given below depicts a diagrammatic sectional view of the female reproductive system of humans. Which one set of three parts out of A-F have been correctly identified?



a) C-Infundibulum, D-Fimbriae, E-Cervix

b) D-Oviducal funnel, E-uterus, F-Cervix

c) A-Perimetrium, B-Myometrium, C-fallopian tube d) B-Endometrium, C- Infundibulum, D- Fimbriae

- 20. Middle piece of sperm contains
 - a) Mitochondria, Golgi bodies, centriole
 - b) Axial filament, centriole, axial filament
 - c) Mitochondria, centriole, axial filament
 - d) Golgi bodies, axial filament, centriole