This Booklet contains 24 pages.

B

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **B**. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is NOT permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candi	date (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	: in figures		
	: in words		
Centre of Examina	tion (in Capitals):		
Candidate's Signat	ure:	Invigilator's Signature :	
Fascimile signature	e stamp of		
Centre Superintend	ent:		

- 1. Which of the following is a sink for CO?
 - (1) Micro organisms present in the soil
 - (2) Oceans
 - (3) Plants
 - (4) Haemoglobin
- The element Z = 114 has been discovered recently. It will belong to which of the following family/group and electronic configuration?
 - (1) Carbon family, [Rn] 5f¹⁴ 6d¹⁰ 7s² 7p²
 - (2) Oxygen family, [Rn] 5f¹⁴ 6d¹⁰ 7s² 7p⁴
 - (3) Nitrogen family, [Rn] 5f¹⁴ 6d¹⁰ 7s² 7p⁶
 - (4) Halogen family, [Rn] 5f¹⁴ 6d¹⁰ 7s² 7p⁵
- 3. For a given reaction, $\Delta H = 35.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ and $\Delta S = 83.6 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$. The reaction is spontaneous at : (Assume that ΔH and ΔS do not vary with temperature)
 - (1) T > 425 K
 - (2) all temperatures
 - (3) T > 298 K
 - (4) T < 425 K
- 4. Identify A and predict the type of reaction

reaction

OCH₃

$$NH_2 \text{ and elimination addition}$$

- 5. Which of the following is dependent on temperature?
 - (1) Molarity
 - (2) Mole fraction
 - (3) Weight percentage
 - (4) Molality
- With respect to the conformers of ethane, which of the following statements is true?
 - (1) Bond angle changes but bond length remains same
 - (2) Both bond angle and bond length change
 - (3) Both bond angles and bond length remains same
 - (4) Bond angle remains same but bond length changes
- 7. Name the gas that can readily decolourise acidified KMnO₄ solution:
 - (1) SO_2
 - (2) NO_2
 - (3) P_2O_5
 - (4) CO_2
- 8. It is because of inability of ns² electrons of the valence shell to participate in bonding that:
 - (1) Sn^{2+} is oxidising while Pb^{4+} is reducing
 - (2) Sn²⁺ and Pb²⁺ are both oxidising and reducing
 - (3) Sn⁴⁺ is reducing while Pb⁴⁺ is oxidising
 - (4) Sn²⁺ is reducing while Pb⁴⁺ is oxidising
- 9. Mechanism of a hypothetical reaction $X_2+Y_2 \rightarrow 2 XY$ is given below:
 - (i) $X_2 \rightarrow X + X$ (fast)
 - (ii) $X + Y_2 \Longrightarrow XY + Y \text{ (slow)}$
 - (iii) $X + Y \rightarrow XY$ (fast)

The overall order of the reaction will be:

- (1) 2
- (2) 0
- (3) 1.9 (4) 1·

The equilibrium constants of the following are: 10.

$$N_2 + 3 H_2 \rightleftharpoons 2 NH_3 K_1$$

$$N_2 + O_2 \rightleftharpoons 2 NO$$

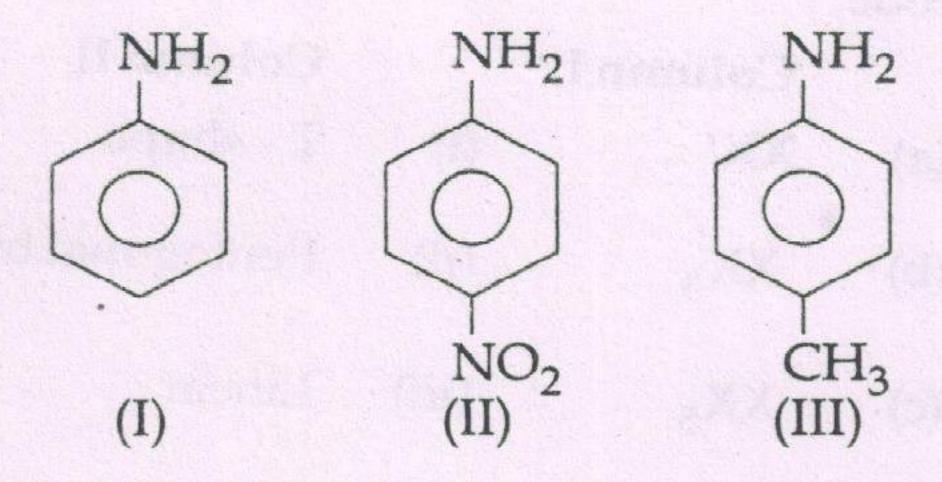
$$H_2 + \frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow H_2O$$
 K_3

The equilibrium constant (K) of the reaction:

$$2 NH_3 + \frac{5}{2} O_2 \stackrel{K}{=} 2 NO + 3 H_2O$$
, will be:

- $K_2 K_3^3 / K_1$
- $K_2 K_3/K_1$
- $K_2^3 K_3/K_1$
- $K_1 K_3^3 / K_2$
- Which one is the wrong statement? 11.
 - The uncertainty principle is $\Delta E \times \Delta t \ge \frac{h}{4\pi}$. (1)
 - Half filled and fully filled orbitals have greater stability due to greater exchange energy, greater symmetry and more balanced arrangement.
 - The energy of 2s orbital is less than the energy (3)of 2p orbital in case of Hydrogen like atoms.
 - de-Broglie's wavelength is given by $\lambda = \frac{h}{-}$, (4) where m = mass of the particle, v = groupvelocity of the particle.
- Which one of the following statements is not 12. correct?
 - The value of equilibrium constant is changed (1)in the presence of a catalyst in the reaction at equilibrium.
 - Enzymes catalyse mainly bio-chemical reactions.
 - Coenzymes increase the catalytic activity of (3)enzyme.
 - Catalyst does not initiate any reaction. (4)
- HgCl2 and I2 both when dissolved in water 13. containing I ions the pair of species formed is:
 - HgI2, I-(1)
 - HgI_4^{2-}, I_3^{-}
 - Hg₂I₂, I⁻
 - HgI_2, I_3

The correct increasing order of basic strength for 14. the following compounds is:



- III < I < II
- III < II < I
- II < I < III
- II < III < I
- An example of a sigma bonded organometallic 15. compound is:
 - Grignard's reagent
 - Ferrocene
 - Cobaltocene (3)
 - Ruthenocene (4)
- A 20 litre container at 400 K contains CO₂(g) at 16. pressure 0.4 atm and an excess of SrO (neglect the volume of solid SrO). The volume of the container is now decreased by moving the movable piston fitted in the container. The maximum volume of the container, when pressure of CO2 attains its maximum value, will be:

(Given that: $SrCO_3(s) \Rightarrow SrO(s) + CO_2(g)$, Kp = 1.6 atm)

- 10 litre (1)
- (2)4 litre
- (3)2 litre
- 5 litre (4)
- Mixture of chloroxylenol and terpineol acts as: 17.
 - antiseptic (1)
 - (2) antipyretic
 - antibiotic (3)
 - analgesic (4)
- Pick out the correct statement with respect to 18. $[Mn(CN)_6]^{3-}$:
 - It is sp³d² hybridised and tetrahedral (1)
 - It is d²sp³ hybridised and octahedral
 - It is dsp² hybridised and square planar
 - It is sp³d² hybridised and octahedral

Match the interhalogen compounds of column I 19. with the geometry in column II and assign the correct code.

code.			
	Column I		Column II
(a)	XX'	(i)	T-shape
(b)	XX' ₃	(ii)	Pentagonal bipyramidal
(c)	XX' ₅	(iii)	Linear
	~~~'	(i++)	Square - pyramidal

- (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (3)(ii) (i) (iii)
- The species, having bond angles of 120° is: 20.
  - CIF₃ (1)NCl₃
  - BCl₃ (3) PH₃
- Predict the correct intermediate and product in the 21. following reaction:

$$H_3C-C \equiv CH \xrightarrow{H_2O, H_2SO_4} \text{intermediate} \xrightarrow{} \text{product}$$
 $(B)$ 

(1) A: 
$$H_3C-C=CH_2$$
 B:  $H_3C-C=CH_2$  OH SO₄

(2) A: 
$$H_3C-C-CH_3$$
 B:  $H_3C-C\equiv CH$ 

(3) A: 
$$H_3C-C=CH_2$$
 B:  $H_3C-C-CH_3$  OH

(4) A: 
$$H_3C-C=CH_2$$
 B:  $H_3C-C-CH_3$  SO₄

- If molality of the dilute solution is doubled, the value of molal depression constant (Kf) will be:
  - halved
  - tripled
  - unchanged
  - doubled

- The heating of phenyl-methyl ethers with HI produces.
  - iodobenzene
  - phenol
  - benzene
  - ethyl chlorides
- In the electrochemical cell: 24.

Zn|ZnSO₄ (0.01 M)|| CuSO₄ (1.0 M)|Cu, the emf of this Daniel cell is E₁. When the concentration of ZnSO₄ is changed to 1.0 M and that of CuSO₄ changed to 0.01 M, the emf changes to E2. From the followings, which one is the relationship between

$$E_1$$
 and  $E_2$ ? (Given,  $\frac{RT}{F} = 0.059$ )

- $E_1 < E_2$
- $E_2 = 0 \neq E_1$
- $E_1 = E_2$
- A first order reaction has a specific reaction rate of 25. 10⁻² sec⁻¹. How much time will it take for 20 g of the reactant to reduce to 5 g?
  - 138.6 sec
  - 346.5 sec
  - 693.0 sec
  - 238.6 sec
- Which one of the following pairs of species have the 26. same bond order?
  - 02, NO+
  - CN-,CO
  - $N_2, O_2$
  - CO, NO
- In which pair of ions both the species contain S-S bond?
  - (1)  $S_4O_6^{2-}, S_2O_3^{2-}$

  - (2)  $S_2O_7^{2-}, S_2O_8^{2-}$ (3)  $S_4O_6^{2-}, S_2O_7^{2-}$
  - $S_2O_7^{2-}, S_2O_3^{2-}$

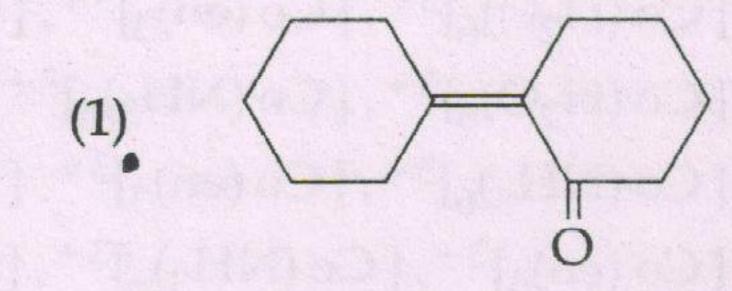
- 28. Concentration of the  $Ag^+$  ions in a saturated solution of  $Ag_2C_2O_4$  is  $2.2 \times 10^{-4}$  mol L⁻¹. Solubility product of  $Ag_2C_2O_4$  is:
  - (1)  $2.66 \times 10^{-12}$
  - (2)  $4.5 \times 10^{-11}$
  - (3)  $5.3 \times 10^{-12}$
  - (4)  $2.42 \times 10^{-8}$
- 29. Ionic mobility of which of the following alkali metal ions is lowest when aqueous solution of their salts are put under an electric field?
  - (1) K
  - (2) Rb
  - (3) Li
  - (4) Na
- 30. A gas is allowed to expand in a well insulated container against a constant external pressure of 2.5 atm from an initial volume of 2.50 L to a final volume of 4.50 L. The change in internal energy  $\Delta U$  of the gas in joules will be :
  - (1) -500 J
  - (2) -505 J
  - (3) + 505 J
  - (4) 1136.25 J
- 31. The reason for greater range of oxidation states in actinoids is attributed to:
  - (1) actinoid contraction
  - (2) 5f, 6d and 7s levels having comparable energies
  - (3) 4f and 5d levels being close in energies
  - (4) the radioactive nature of actinoids
- 32. The most suitable method of separation of 1:1 mixture of ortho and para nitrophenols is:
  - (1) Chromatography
  - (2) Crystallisation
  - (3) Steam distillation
  - (4) Sublimation
- 33. The correct order of the stoichiometries of AgCl formed when AgNO₃ in excess is treated with the complexes: CoCl₃.6 NH₃, CoCl₃.5 NH₃, CoCl₃.4 NH₃ respectively is:
  - (1) 3 AgCl, 1 AgCl, 2 AgCl
  - (2) 3 AgCl, 2 AgCl, 1 AgCl
  - (3) 2 AgCl, 3 AgCl, 1 AgCl
  - (4) 1 AgCl, 3 AgCl, 2 AgCl

- 34. Correct increasing order for the wavelengths of absorption in the visible region for the complexes of  $Co^{3+}$  is:
  - (1)  $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$ ,  $[Co(en)_3]^{3+}$ ,  $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$
  - (2)  $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}, [Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}, [Co(en)_3]^{3+}$
  - (3)  $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$ ,  $[Co(en)_3]^{3+}$ ,  $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$
  - (4)  $[Co(en)_3]^{3+}, [Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}, [Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$
- 35. Which one is the most acidic compound?

$$O_2N \xrightarrow{NO_2} NO_2$$
(3)
$$NO_2$$

- 36. Which of the following pairs of compounds is isoelectronic and isostructural?
  - (1)  $TeI_2$ ,  $XeF_2$
  - (2)  $IBr_2^-$ ,  $XeF_2$
  - (3) IF₃, XeF₂
  - (4) BeCl₂, XeF₂
- 37. Which of the following reactions is appropriate for converting acetamide to methanamine?
  - (1) Hoffmann hypobromamide reaction
  - (2) Stephens reaction
  - (3) Gabriels phthalimide synthesis
  - (4) Carbylamine reaction

38. Of the following, which is the product formed when cyclohexanone undergoes aldol condensation followed by heating?



- 39. Which of the following statements is not correct?
  - (1) Ovalbumin is a simple food reserve in egg white.
  - (2) Blood proteins thrombin and fibrinogen are involved in blood clotting.
  - (3) Denaturation makes the proteins more active.
  - (4) Insulin maintains sugar level in the blood of a human body.
- 40. Which one is the correct order of acidity?
  - (1)  $CH = CH > CH_3 C = CH > CH_2 = CH_2 > CH_3 CH_3$
  - (2)  $CH \equiv CH > CH_2 = CH_2 > CH_3 C \equiv CH > CH_3 CH_3$
  - (3)  $CH_3 CH_3 > CH_2 = CH_2 > CH_3 C = CH > CH = CH$
  - (4)  $CH_2 = CH_2 > CH_3 CH = CH_2 > CH_3 C \equiv CH > CH = CH$
- 41. Extraction of gold and silver involves leaching with CN⁻ ion. Silver is later recovered by:
  - (1) distillation
  - (2) zone refining
  - (3) displacement with Zn
  - (4) liquation

- 42. The correct statement regarding electrophile is:
  - (1) Electrophile is a negatively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from another electrophile
  - (2) Electrophiles are generally neutral species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile
  - (3) Electrophile can be either neutral or positively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile
  - (4) Electrophile is a negatively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile

#### 43. Consider the reactions:

$$(C_2H_6O)^{573}$$
  $(C_2H_6O)^{573}$   $(C_2H_6O)^$ 

#### Identify A, X, Y and Z

- (1) A-Methoxymethane, X-Ethanol, Y-Ethanoic acid, Z-Semicarbazide.
- 2) A-Ethanal, X-Ethanol, Y-But-2-enal, Z-Semicarbazone.
- (3) A-Ethanol, X-Acetaldehyde, Y-Butanone, Z-Hydrazone.
- (4) A-Methoxymethane, X-Ethanoic acid, Y-Acetate ion, Z-hydrazine.

44. The IUPAC name of the compound

- (1) 5-formylhex-2-en-3-one
- (2) 5-methyl-4-oxohex-2-en-5-al
- (3) 3-keto-2-methylhex-5-enal
- (4) 3-keto-2-methylhex-4-enal

- 45. Which is the incorrect statement?
  - (1) Density decreases in case of crystals with Schottky's defect.
  - (2) NaCl(s) is insulator, silicon is semiconductor, silver is conductor, quartz is piezo electric crystal.
  - (3) Frenkel defect is favoured in those ionic compounds in which sizes of cation and anions are almost equal.
  - (4) FeO_{0.98} has non stoichiometric metal deficiency defect.
- 46. A decrease in blood pressure/volume will not cause the release of:
  - (1) Atrial Natriuretic Factor
  - (2) Aldosterone

LAHA

- (3) ADH
- (4) Renin
- 47. Which of the following are not polymeric?
  - (1) Proteins
  - (2) Polysaccharides
  - (3) Lipids
  - (4) Nucleic acids
- 48. A baby boy aged two years is admitted to play school and passes through a dental check up. The dentist observed that the boy had twenty teeth. Which teeth were absent?
  - (1) Canines
  - (2) Pre-molars
  - (3) Molars
  - (4) Incisors
- 49. Which of the following statements is correct?
  - (1) The descending limb of loop of Henle is impermeable to water.
  - (2) The ascending limb of loop of Henle is permeable to water.
  - The descending limb of loop of Henle is permeable to electrolytes.
  - (4) The ascending limb of loop of Henle is impermeable to water.

- 50. Adult human RBCs are enucleate. Which of the following statement(s) is/are most appropriate explanation for this feature?
  - (a) They do not need to reproduce
  - (b) They are somatic cells
  - (c) They do not metabolize
  - (d) All their internal space is available for oxygen transport

#### Options:

- (1) Only (a)
- (2) (a), (c) and (d)
- (3) (b) and (c)
- (4) Only (d)
- 51. An important characteristic that Hemichordates share with Chordates is:
  - (1) ventral tubular nerve cord
  - (2) pharynx with gill slits
  - (3) pharynx without gill slits
  - (4) absence of notochord
- 52. Alexander Von Humbolt described for the first time:
  - (1) Laws of limiting factor
  - (2) Species area relationships
  - (3) Population Growth equation
  - (4) Ecological Biodiversity
- 53. Identify the wrong statement in context of heartwood:
  - (1) It is highly durable
  - (2) It conducts water and minerals efficiently
  - (3) It comprises dead elements with highly lignified walls
  - (4) Organic compounds are deposited in it
- Which one of the following statements is correct, with reference to enzymes?
  - (1) Holoenzyme = Apoenzyme + Coenzyme
  - (2) Coenzyme = Apoenzyme + Holoenzyme
  - (3) Holoenzyme = Coenzyme + Co-factor
  - (4) Apoenzyme = Holoenzyme + Coenzyme

- 67. The water potential of pure water is:
  - (1) Less than zero
  - (2) More than zero but less than one
  - (3) More than one
  - ^ (4) Zero
- 68. Out of 'X' pairs of ribs in humans only 'Y' pairs are true ribs. Select the option that correctly represents values of X and Y and provides their explanation:
  - (1) X=12, Y=5 True ribs are attached dorsally to vertebral column and sternum on the two ends.
  - (2) X = 24, Y = 7 True ribs are dorsally attached to vertebral column but are free on ventral side.
  - (3) X = 24; Y = 12 True ribs are dorsally attached to vertebral column but are free on ventral side.
  - (4) X=12, Y=7 True ribs are attached dorsally to vertebral column and ventrally to the sternum.
- 69. DNA replication in bacteria occurs:
  - (1) Within nucleolus
  - (2) Prior to fission
  - (3) Just before transcription
  - (4) During S phase
- 70. Which cells of 'Crypts of Lieberkuhn' secrete antibacterial lysozyme?
  - (1) Paneth cells
  - (2) Zymogen cells
  - (3) Kupffer cells
  - (4) Argentaffin cells
- 71. The hepatic portal vein drains blood to liver from:
  - (1) Stomach
  - (2) Kidneys
  - (3) Intestine
  - (4) Heart

- 72. In case of a couple where the male is having a very low sperm count, which technique will be suitable for fertilisation?
  - (1) Gamete intracytoplasmic fallopian transfer
  - (2) Artificial Insemination
  - (3) Intracytoplasmic sperm injection
  - (4) Intrauterine transfer
- 73. What is the criterion for DNA fragments movement on agarose gel during gel electrophoresis?
  - (1) The smaller the fragment size, the farther it moves
  - (2) Positively charged fragments move to farther end
  - (3) Negatively charged fragments do not move
  - (4) The larger the fragment size, the farther it moves
- 74. The function of copper ions in copper releasing IUD's is:
  - (1) They inhibit gametogenesis.
  - (2) They make uterus unsuitable for implantation.
  - (3) They inhibit ovulation.
  - (4) They suppress sperm motility and fertilising capacity of sperms.
- 75. Spliceosomes are not found in cells of:
  - (1) Fungi
  - (2) Animals
  - (3) Bacteria
  - (4), Plants
- 76. Which of the following cell organelles is responsible for extracting energy from carbohydrates to form ATP?
  - (1) Ribosome
  - (2) Chloroplast
  - (3) Mitochondrion
  - (4) Lysosome
- 77. The pivot joint between atlas and axis is a type of:
  - (1) cartilaginous joint
  - (2) synovial joint
  - (3) saddle joint
  - (4) fibrous joint

78.	GnRH, a hypothalamic	hormone,	needed in
	reproduction, acts on:		

- (1) anterior pituitary gland and stimulates secretion of LH and FSH.
- posterior pituitary gland and stimulates secretion of oxytocin and FSH.
  - (3) posterior pituitary gland and stimulates secretion of LH and relaxin.
  - (4) anterior pituitary gland and stimulates secretion of LH and oxytocin.

## 79. Which of the following represents order of 'Horse'?

- (1) Perissodactyla
- (2) Caballus
- (3) Ferus
  - (4) Equidae

# 80. Phosphoenol pyruvate (PEP) is the primary CO₂ acceptor in:

- $C_4$  plants
- C₂ plants
- C₃ and C₄ plants
- $C_3$  plants

## 81. Which ecosystem has the maximum biomass?

- (1) Grassland ecosystem
- (2) Pond ecosystem
- (3) Lake ecosystem
- (4) Forest ecosystem

# 82. A disease caused by an autosomal primary non-disjunction is:

- (1) Klinefelter's Syndrome
- (2) Turner's Syndrome
- (3) Sickle Cell Anemia
- (4) Down's Syndrome

## 83. The vascular cambium normally gives rise to:

- (1) Primary phloem
- (2) Secondary xylem
- (3) Periderm
- (4) Phelloderm

- Which of the following is correctly matched for the product produced by them?
  - (1) Methanobacterium: Lactic acid
  - (2) Penicillium notatum: Acetic acid
    - (3) Sacchromyces cerevisiae: Ethanol
  - (4) Acetobacter aceti: Antibiotics

# 85. Thalassemia and sickle cell anemia are caused du to a problem in globin molecule synthesis. Seletthe correct statement.

- (1) Both are due to a quantitative defect in glob chain synthesis.
- (2) Thalassemia is due to less synthesis of glob molecules.
- (3) Sickle cell anemia is due to a quantitati problem of globin molecules.
- (4) Both are due to a qualitative defect in glob chain synthesis.

# 86. Flowers which have single ovule in the ovary a are packed into inflorescence are usually pollinate by:

- (1) Bee
- (2) Wind
- (3) Bat
- (4) Water

# 87. Receptor sites for neurotransmitters are present

- (1) pre-synaptic membrane
- (2) tips of axons
- (3) post-synaptic membrane
- (4) membranes of synaptic vesicles

# 88. During DNA replication, Okazaki fragments used to elongate:

- (1) The lagging strand towards replication !
- (2) The leading strand away from replications.
- (3) The lagging strand away from the replications.
- (4) The leading strand towards replication

		1	1						В
89.	Whic	th of the following options best represents the	95.	Myel	in shea				
	enzyme composition of pancreatic juice?			(1) Astrocytes and Schwann Cells					
	(1)	amylase, pepsin, trypsinogen, maltase		(2)	Oligo	dendr	ocytes	and Os	steoclasts
	(2)	peptidase, amylase, pepsin, rennin		(3)	Osteo	clasts	and A	strocyt	es
	(3)	lipase, amylase, trypsinogen, procarboxypeptidase		(4)	Schw	ann Ce	ells and	d Oligo	dendrocytes
90.		amylase, peptidase, trypsinogen, rennin phase Promoting Complex (APC) is a protein	96.	disea	ises (Co	olumn	- I) v	vith the	ally transmitted eir causative agent
	degradation machinery necessary for proper mitosis of animal cells. If APC is defective in a human cell, which of the following is expected to occur?		Column-II Column-II						
	(1)	Chromosomes will be fragmented		(a)		rrhea.		. (1)	HIV
	(2)	Chromosomes will not segregate		(b)	Syph	ilis		(ii)	Neisseria
	(3)	Recombination of chromosome arms will		(c)	Geni	tal Wa	rts	(iii)	Treponema
		occur		(d)	AIDS			(iv)	Human Danillana Vinus
	(4)	Chromosomes will not condense					•		Papilloma - Virus
91.	The genotypes of a Husband and Wife are IAIB and			Opti	ons:				
	IAi.				(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
		ong the blood types of their children, how many		+(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
	diffe	erent genotypes and phenotypes are possible?		(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	
	(1)	3 genotypes; 4 phenotypes	- Carterian	(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
	(2)	4 genotypes; 3 phenotypes		(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
	(3)	4 genotypes; 4 phenotypes							
	(4)	3 genotypes; 3 phenotypes	97.		ch amo	The second secon		the cor	rect combination of
92.	Viro	oids differ from viruses in having:		(1)	Dolp	hins, S	Seals, 7	Trygon	
	+(1)	DNA molecules without protein coat		(2)	Wha	les, Do	olphin	s, Seals	
	r(2)	RNA molecules with protein coat		(3)	Trug	on, Wł	nales, S	Seals	
	(3)	RNA molecules without protein coat		(4)				Sharks	
	+ (4)	DNA molecules with protein coat							
93.	My	corrhizae are the example of:	98.	Coc	onut fr	uit is a			
	(1).	, Amensalism		(1)	Berry	у			
	. (2)	Antibiosis		. (2)	Nut				
	(3)	Mutualism		(3)	Cap	sule			
	(4)	Fungistasis		(4)	Druj	pe			
94.		morphological nature of the edible part of onut is:	99.	A d	ioeciou	s flow	ering p	olant pr	events both:
	(1)	Cotyledon		(1)	Auto	ogamy	and go	eitonog	gamy
	(2)	Endosperm	· ·	(2)	Geit	onoga	my and	d xenog	gamy
	(3)	Pericarp		(3)	Clei	stogan	ny and	xenog	amy

Autogamy and xenogamy

rk.

on

ion

Perisperm

8

- 100. Which of the following are found in extreme saline conditions?
  - (1) Eubacteria
  - (2) Cyanobacteria
  - (3) Mycobacteria
  - (4) Archaebacteria
- 101. Which among the following are the smallest living cells, known without a definite cell wall, pathogenic to plants as well as animals and can survive without oxygen?
  - (1) Pseudomonas
  - (2) Mycoplasma
  - (3) Nostoc
  - (4) Bacillus
- 102. With reference to factors affecting the rate of photosynthesis, which of the following statements is not correct?
  - (1) Increasing atmospheric CO₂ concentration up to 0.05% can enhance CO₂ fixation rate
  - C₃ plants respond to higher temperatures with enhanced photosynthesis while C₄ plants have much lower temperature optimum
    - (3) Tomato is a greenhouse crop which can be grown in CO₂ enriched atmosphere for higher yield
    - (4) Light saturation for CO₂ fixation occurs at 10% of full sunlight
- 103. Life cycle of Ectocarpus and Fucus respectively are:
  - (1) Diplontic, Haplodiplontic
  - (2) Haplodiplontic, Diplontic
  - (3) Haplodiplontic, Haplontic
  - (4) Haplontic, Diplontic
- 104. The region of Biosphere Reserve which is legally protected and where no human activity is allowed is known as:
  - (1) Buffer zone
  - (2) Transition zone
  - (3) Restoration zone
  - (4) Core zone

- 105. A gene whose expression helps to identify transformed cell is known as:
  - (1) Vector
  - (2) Plasmid
  - (3) Structural gene
  - (4) Selectable marker
- 106. Which of the following components provides sticky character to the bacterial cell?
  - (1) Nuclear membrane
  - (2) Plasma membrane
  - (3) Glycocalyx
  - (4) Cell wall
- 107. The final proof for DNA as the genetic material came from the experiments of:

- (1) Hershey and Chase
- (2) Avery, Mcleod and McCarty
- (3) Hargobind Khorana
- (4) Griffith
- 108. Fruit and leaf drop at early stages can be prevented by the application of:
  - (1) Ethylene
  - (2) Auxins
  - (3) Gibberellic acid
  - (4) Cytokinins
- 109. Which one of the following statements is not valid for aerosols?
  - (1) They alter rainfall and monsoon patterns
  - (2) They cause increased agricultural productivity
  - (3) They have negative impact on agricultural land
  - (4) They are harmful to human health

(1) condensation → nuclear membrane disassembly → arrangement at equator → centromere division → segregation → telophase

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- (2) condensation → crossing over → nuclear membrane disassembly → segregation → telophase
- (3) condensation → arrangement at equator → centromere division → segregation → telophase
- (4) condensation → nuclear membrane disassembly → crossing over → segregation → telophase

111. In Bougainvillea thorns are the modifications of:

- (1) A'dventitious root
- (2) Stem
- (3) Leaf
- (4) Stipules

112. If there are 999 bases in an RNA that codes for a protein with 333 amino acids, and the base at position 901 is deleted such that the length of the RNA becomes 998 bases, how many codons will be altered?

- (1) 11
- (2) 33
- (3) 333
- (4) 1

113. Transplantation of tissues/organs fails often due to non-acceptance by the patient's body. Which type of immune-response is responsible for such rejections?

- (1) Cell-mediated immune response
- (2) Hormonal immune response
- (3) Physiological immune response
- (4) Autoimmune response

Select the correct route for the passage of sperms in male frogs:

- (1) Testes → Vasa efferentia → Kidney → Seminal Vesicle → Urinogenital duct → Cloaca
- (2) Testes → Vasa efferentia → Bidder's canal → Ureter → Cloaca
- (3) Testes → Vasa efferentia → Kidney → Bidder's canal → Urinogenital duct → Cloaca
- (4) Testes → Bidder's canal → Kidney → Vasa efferentia → Urinogenital duct → Cloaca

115. A temporary endocrine gland in the human body is:

- (1). Corpus cardiacum
- (2) Corpus luteum
- (3) Corpus allatum
- (4) Pineal gland

116. Attractants and rewards are required for:

- (1) Entomophily
- (2) Hydrophily
- (3) Cleistogamy
- (4) Anemophily

117. Functional megaspore in an angiosperm develops into:

- (1) Endosperm
- (2) Embryo sac
- (3) Embryo
- (4) Ovule

118. Which of the following in sewage treatment removes suspended solids?

- (1) Secondary treatment
- (2) Primary treatment
- (3) Sludge treatment
- (4) Tertiary treatment

119. Presence of plants arranged into well defined vertical layers depending on their height can be seen best in:

- (1) Tropical Rain Forest
- (2) Grassland
- (3) Temperate Forest
- (4) Tropical Savannah

	120.	Whi	ch of the following is made up of dead cells?	126.		ch of the following RNAs should be most	
		(1)	Collenchyma		abun	idant in animal cell?	
		(2)	Phellem	NIT TO ELL	(1)	t-RNA	
		(3)	• Phloem		(2)	m-RNA	
		(4)	Xylem parenchyma		(3)	mi-RNA	
					(4)	r-RNA	
	121.	Zygo	otic meiosis is characteristic of :	reterra			
		(1)	Fucus	127.	Whic	ch statement is wrong for Krebs' cycle?	
		(2)	Funaria		(1)	There is one point in the cycle where FAD+	
		(3)	Chlamydomonas			is reduced to FADH ₂	
		(4)	Marchantia		(2)	During conversion of succinyl CoA to succinic acid, a molecule of GTP is synthesised	
	122.		T constitutes about percent of the phoid tissue in human body.		(3)	The cycle starts with condensation of acetyl group (acetyl CoA) with pyruvic acid to yield	
		(1).	20%		•	citric acid	
		(2)	70%		(4)	There are three points in the cycle where	
		(3)	10%			NAD+ is reduced to NADH+H+	
		(4)	50%	128.	TT		
	122				Hypersecretion of Growth Hormone in adults doe not cause further increase in height, because:		
	123.		gs are made up of air-filled sacs, the alveoli. They of collapse even after forceful expiration,		(1)	Epiphyseal plates close after adolescence.	
		because of:			(2)	Bones loose their sensitivity to Growth	
		(1)	Inspiratory Reserve Volume			Hormone in adults.	
		(2)	Tidal Volume		(3)	Muscle fibres do not grow in size after birth.	
		(3)	Expiratory Reserve Volume		(4)	Growth Hormone becomes inactive in adults.	
		(4)	Residual Volume				
	124. In case of poriferans, the spongocoel is lined with flagellated cells called:		129.	Plants which produce characteristic pneumatophores and show vivipary belong to:			
		(1)			(1)	Halophytes	
		(2)	choanocytes		(2)	Psammophytes	
		(3)	mesenchymal cells		(3)	Hydrophytes	
		(4)	ostia		(4)	Mesophytes	
1							
	125.		ch one of the following is related to Ex-situ ervation of threatened animals and plants?	130.	Asym	nptote in a logistic growth curve is obtained:	
		(1)	Biodiversity hot spots	92120	(1)	K = N	
		(2)	Amazon rainforest		(2)	K>N	
		(3)	Himalayan region		(3)	K < N	
		(4)	Wildlife Safari parks		(4)	The value of 'r' approaches zero	
				•			

131. Good vision depends on adequate intake of carotenerich food.

Select the best option from the following statements.

- (a) Yitamin A derivatives are formed from carotene.
- (b) The photopigments are embedded in the membrane discs of the inner segment.
- (c) Retinal is a derivative of Vitamin A.
- (d) Retinal is a light absorbing part of all the visual photopigments.

### Options:

- (1) (a), (c) and (d)
- (2) (a) and (c)
- (3) (b), (c) and (d)
- (4) (a) and (b).
- 132. Artificial selection to obtain cows yielding higher milk output represents:
  - (1) directional as it pushes the mean of the character in one direction.
  - (2) disruptive as it splits the population into two, one yielding higher output and the other lower output.
  - (3) stabilizing followed by disruptive as it stabilizes the population to produce higher yielding cows.
  - (4) stabilizing selection as it stabilizes this character in the population.
- 133. Frog's heart when taken out of the body continues to beat for sometime.

Select the best option from the following statements.

- (a) Frog is a poikilotherm.
- (b) Frog does not have any coronary circulation.
- (c) Heart is "myogenic" in nature.
- (d) Heart is autoexcitable.

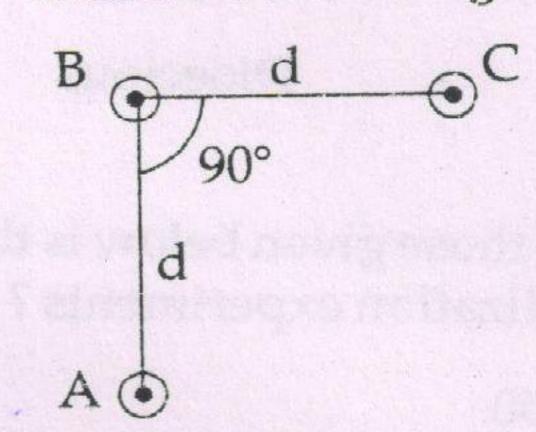
#### Options:

- (1) Only (d)
- (2) (a) and (b)
- (3) (c) and (d)
- (4) Only (c)

- 134. Select the mismatch:
  - (1) Cycas Dioecious
  - (2) Salvinia Heterosporous
  - (3) Equisetum Homosporous
  - (4) Pinus Dioecious
- 135. Which one from those given below is the period for Mendel's hybridization experiments?
  - (1) 1840 1850
  - (2) 1857 1869
  - (3) 1870 1877
  - (4) 1856 1863
- 136. Two astronauts are floating in gravitational free space after having lost contact with their spaceship.

  The two will:
  - (1) move towards each other.
  - (2) move away from each other.
  - (3) will become stationary.
  - (4) keep floating at the same distance between them.
- 137. Young's double slit experiment is first performed in air and then in a medium other than air. It is found that 8th bright fringe in the medium lies where 5th dark fringe lies in air. The refractive index of the medium is nearly:
  - (1) 1.59
  - (2) 1.69
  - (3) 1.78
  - (4) 1.25
- 138. In a common emitter transistor amplifier the audio signal voltage across the collector is 3 V. The resistance of collector is 3 k $\Omega$ . If current gain is 100 and the base resistance is 2 k $\Omega$ , the voltage and power gain of the amplifier is :
  - (1) 15 and 200
  - (2) 150 and 15000
  - (3) 20 and 2000
  - (4) 200 and 1000

139. An arrangement of three parallel straight wires placed perpendicular to plane of paper carrying same current 'I' along the same direction is shown in Fig. Magnitude of force per unit length on the middle wire 'B' is given by:



- $(1) \qquad \frac{2\mu_0 i^2}{\pi d}$
- $(2) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}\mu_0 i^2}{\pi d}$
- $(3) \qquad \frac{\mu_0 i^2}{\sqrt{2} \pi d}$
- $\frac{\mu_0 i^2}{2\pi d}$
- 140. The de-Broglie wavelength of a neutron in thermal equilibrium with heavy water at a temperature T (Kelvin) and mass m, is:
  - $\frac{h}{\sqrt{3mkT}}$
  - $\frac{2h}{\sqrt{3mkT}}$
  - $\frac{2h}{\sqrt{mkT}}$
  - $\frac{h}{\sqrt{mkT}}$
- 141. Radioactive material 'A' has decay constant '8  $\lambda'$  and material 'B' has decay constant ' $\lambda'$ . Initially they have same number of nuclei. After what time, the ratio of number of nuclei of material 'B' to that

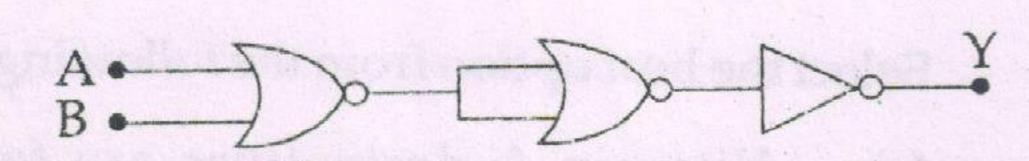
'A' will be 
$$\frac{1}{e}$$
?

104 (1) -

10

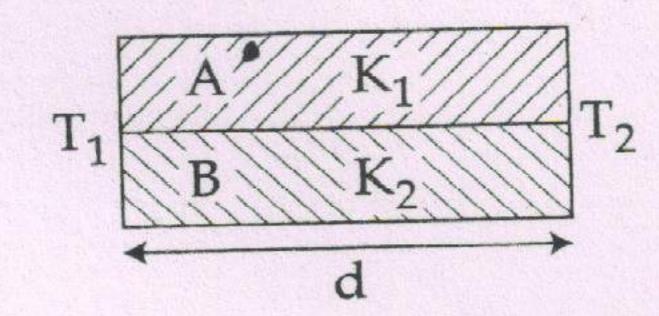
- $(2) \frac{1}{8\lambda}$
- $(3) \frac{1}{9\lambda}$
- $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\lambda}$

142. The given electrical network is equivalent to:

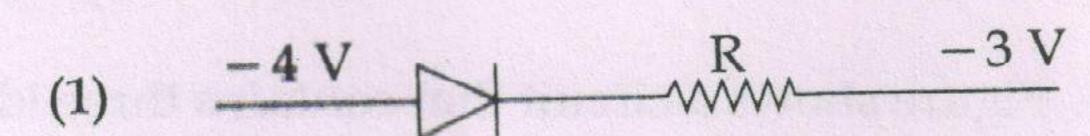


- (1) OR gate
- (2) NOR gate
- (3) NOT gate
- (4) AND gate
- 143. The resistance of a wire is 'R' ohm. If it is melted and stretched to 'n' times its original length, its new resistance will be:
  - (1)  $\frac{R}{n}$
  - (2)  $n^2R$
  - $(3) \frac{R}{n^2}$
  - (4) nR
- 144. Two cars moving in opposite directions approach each other with speed of 22 m/s and 16.5 m/s respectively. The driver of the first car blows a horn having a frequency 400 Hz. The frequency heard by the driver of the second car is [velocity of sound 340 m/s]:
  - (1) 361 Hz
  - (2) 411 Hz
  - (3) 448 Hz
  - (4) 350 Hz
- 145. In an electromagnetic wave in free space the root mean square value of the electric field is  $E_{rms} = 6V/m$ . The peak value of the magnetic field is:
  - (1)  $2.83 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$
  - (2)  $0.70 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$
  - (3)  $4.23 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$
  - (4)  $1.41 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$

146. Two rods A and B of different materials are welded together as shown in figure. Their thermal conductivities are  $K_1$  and  $K_2$ . The thermal conductivity of the composite rod will be:



- (1)  $\frac{3(K_1+K_2)}{2}$
- (2)  $K_1 + K_2$
- (3)  $2(K_1 + K_2)$
- $(4) \qquad \frac{K_1 + K_2}{2}$
- 147. Which one of the following represents forward bias diode?



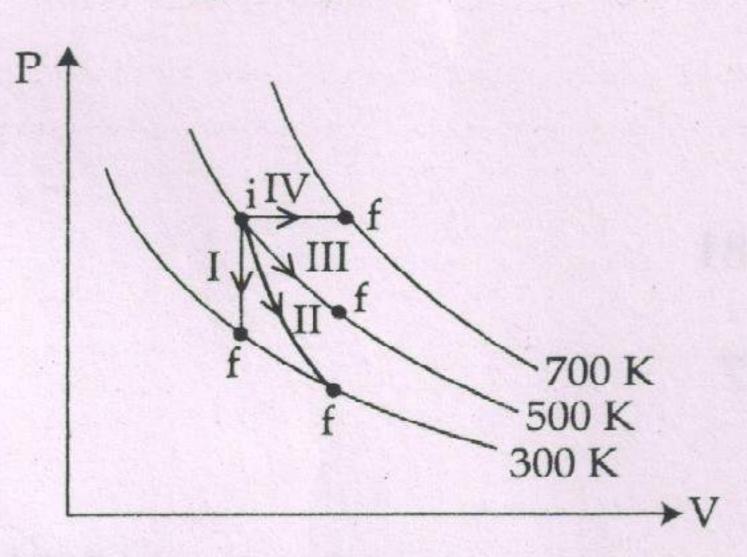
$$(2) \frac{-2V}{} + \frac{2V}{}$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{3 \text{ V}}{} \qquad \frac{5 \text{ V}}{}$$

- $(4) \quad \stackrel{OV}{\longrightarrow} \quad \stackrel{R}{\longrightarrow} \quad \stackrel{-2V}{\longrightarrow} \quad \stackrel{}{\longrightarrow} \quad \stackrel{}{\longrightarrow}$
- 148. A 250 Turn rectangular coil of length 2.1 cm and width 1.25 cm carries a current of 85 μA and subjected to a magnetic field of strength 0.85 T. Work done for rotating the coil by 180° against the torque is:
  - (1)  $4.55 \mu J$
  - (2)  $2.3 \mu J$
  - (3) 1.15 µ J
  - (4) 9.1 μ J
- 149. If  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$  be the apparent angles of dip observed in two vertical planes at right angles to each other, then the true angle of dip  $\theta$  is given by :
  - (1)  $\tan^2\theta = \tan^2\theta_1 + \tan^2\theta_2$
  - (2)  $\cot^2\theta = \cot^2\theta_1 \cot^2\theta_2$
  - (3)  $\tan^2\theta = \tan^2\theta_1 \tan^2\theta_2$
  - (4)  $\cot^2\theta = \cot^2\theta_1 + \cot^2\theta_2$

- 150. A potentiometer is an accurate and versatile device to make electrical measurements of E.M.F. because the method involves:
  - (1) potential gradients
  - (2) a condition of no current flow through the galvanometer
  - (3) a combination of cells, galvanometer and resistances
  - (4) cells
- 151. The ratio of resolving powers of an optical microscope for two wavelengths  $\lambda_1 = 4000$  Å and  $\lambda_2 = 6000$  Å is:
  - (1) 9:4
  - (2) 3:2
  - (3) 16:81
  - (4) 8:27
- 152. A thin prism having refracting angle 10° is made of glass of refractive index 1.42. This prism is combined with another thin prism of glass of refractive index 1.7. This combination produces dispersion without deviation. The refracting angle of second prism should be:
  - (1)  $6^{\circ}$
  - (2) 8°
  - (3) 10°
  - (4) 4
- 153. A capacitor is charged by a battery. The battery is removed and another identical uncharged capacitor is connected in parallel. The total electrostatic energy of resulting system:
  - (1) decreases by a factor of 2
  - (2) remains the same
  - (3) increases by a factor of 2
  - (4) increases by a factor of 4

- 154. Preeti reached the metro station and found that the escalator was not working. She walked up the stationary escalator in time t₁. On other days, if she remains stationary on the moving escalator, then the escalator takes her up in time t₂. The time taken by her to walk up on the moving escalator will be:
  - (1)  $\frac{t_1 t_2}{t_2 t_1}$
  - (2)  $\frac{t_1 t_2}{t_2 + t_1}$
  - (3)  $t_1 t_2$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{\mathsf{t}_1 + \mathsf{t}_2}{2}$
- 155. Thermodynamic processes are indicated in the following diagram.



Match the following:

	Column-1		Column-2
P.	Process I	a.	Adiabatic
Q.	Process II	b.	Isobaric
R.	Process III	c.	Isochoric
S.	Process IV	d.	Isothermal

- (1)  $P \rightarrow c$ ,  $Q \rightarrow a$ ,  $R \rightarrow d$ ,  $S \rightarrow b$
- (2)  $P \rightarrow c$ ,  $Q \rightarrow d$ ,  $R \rightarrow b$ ,  $S \rightarrow a$
- (3)  $P \rightarrow d$ ,  $Q \rightarrow b$ ,  $R \rightarrow a$ ,  $S \rightarrow c$
- (4)  $P \rightarrow a$ ,  $Q \rightarrow c$ ,  $R \rightarrow d$ ,  $S \rightarrow b$
- of mass 'm' and the other end is connected to a particle of mass 'm' and the other end is connected to a small peg on a smooth horizontal table. If the particle moves in circle with speed 'v', the net force on the particle (directed towards center) will be (T represents the tension in the string)

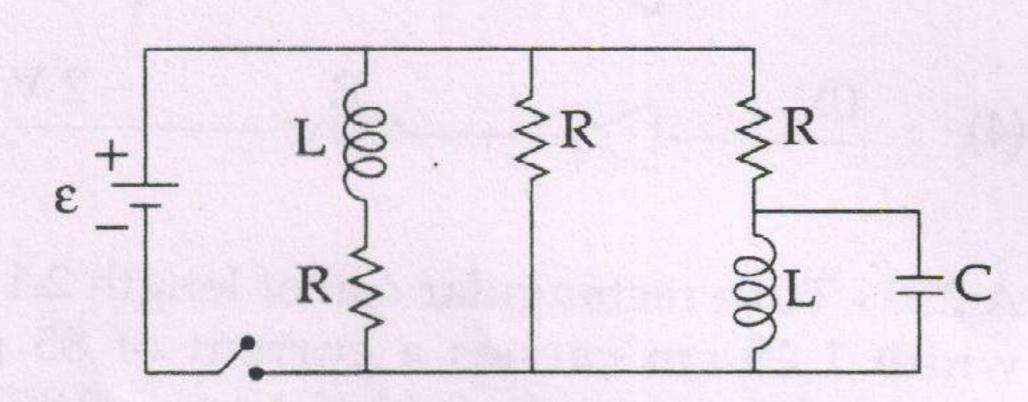
$$(1) \qquad T + \frac{m v^2}{l}$$

- $(2) \qquad T \frac{m v^2}{l}$
- (3) Zero
- (4) T

- 157. The two nearest harmonics of a tube closed at one end and open at other end are 220 Hz and 260 Hz. What is the fundamental frequency of the system?
  - (1) 20 Hz
  - (2) 30 Hz
  - (3) 40 Hz
  - (4) 10 Hz
- 158. The photoelectric threshold wavelength of silver is  $3250 \times 10^{-10}$  m. The velocity of the electron ejected from a silver surface by ultraviolet light of wavelength  $2536 \times 10^{-10}$  m is:

(Given 
$$h = 4.14 \times 10^{-15}$$
 eVs and  $c = 3 \times 10^8$  ms⁻¹)

- (1)  $\approx 0.6 \times 10^6 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- (2)  $\approx 61 \times 10^3 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- (3)  $\approx 0.3 \times 10^6 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- $(4) \approx 6 \times 10^5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- 159. Figure shows a circuit that contains three identical resistors with resistance  $R = 9.0 \Omega$  each, two identical inductors with inductance L = 2.0 mH each, and an ideal battery with emf  $\epsilon = 18 \text{ V}$ . The current 'i' through the battery just after the switch closed is,.....

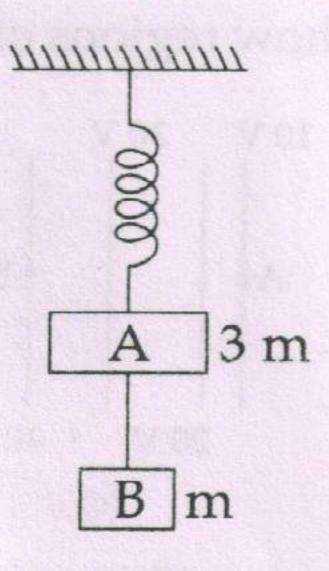


- (1) 0.2 A
- (2) 2 A
- (3) 0 ampere
- (4) 2 mA
- 160. A spherical black body with a radius of 12 cm radiates 450 watt power at 500 K. If the radius were halved and the temperature doubled, the power radiated in watt would be:
  - (1) 450
  - (2) 1000
  - (3) 1800
  - (4) 225

- 161. A rope is wound around a hollow cylinder of mass 3 kg and radius 40 cm. What is the angular acceleration of the cylinder if the rope is pulled with a force of 30 N?
  - (1)  $0.25 \text{ rad/s}^2$
  - (2)  $25 \text{ rad/s}^2$
  - (3)  $5 \text{ m/s}^2$
  - (4)  $25 \text{ m/s}^2$
- 162. Two discs of same moment of inertia rotating about their regular axis passing through centre and perpendicular to the plane of disc with angular velocities  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$ . They are brought into contact face to face coinciding the axis of rotation. The expression for loss of energy during this process is:
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{4} I (\omega_1 \omega_2)^2$
  - (2)  $I(\omega_1 \omega_2)^2$
  - (3)  $\frac{1}{8} (\omega_1 \omega_2)^2$
  - (4)  $\frac{1}{2} 1 (\omega_1 + \omega_2)^2$
- 163. A gas mixture consists of 2 moles of O₂ and 4 moles of Ar at temperature T. Neglecting all vibrational modes, the total internal energy of the system is:
  - (1) 15 RT
  - (2) 9 RT
  - (3) 11 RT
  - (4) 4 RT
- 164. The bulk modulus of a spherical object is 'B'. If it is subjected to uniform pressure 'p', the fractional decrease in radius is:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{B}{3p}$
  - $(2) \qquad \frac{3p}{B}$
  - $(3) \quad \frac{p}{3B}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{P}{B}$

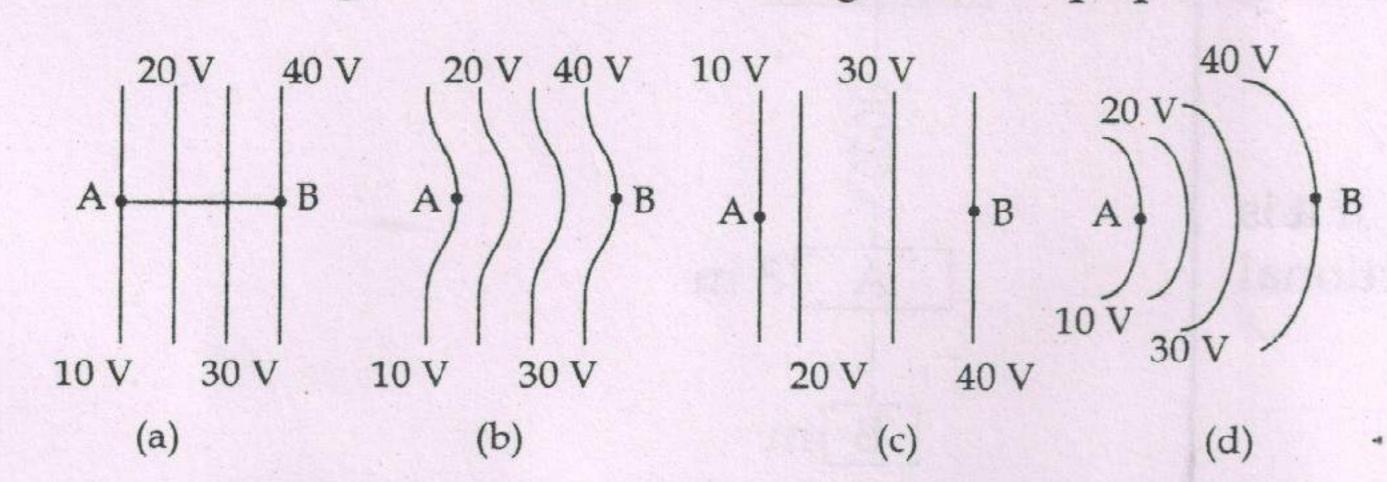
We consider any and appropriate

- 165. Which of the following statements are correct?
  - (a) Centre of mass of a body always coincides with the centre of gravity of the body.
  - (b) Centre of mass of a body is the point at which the total gravitational torque on the body is zero.
  - (c) A couple on a body produce both translational and rotational motion in a body.
  - (d) Mechanical advantage greater than one means that small effort can be used to lift a large load.
  - (1) (a) and (b)
  - (2) (b) and (c)
  - (3) (c) and (d)
  - (4) (b) and (d)
- 166. The acceleration due to gravity at a height 1 km above the earth is the same as at a depth d below the surface of earth. Then:
  - $(1) \quad d = 1 \, \text{km}$
  - $(2) \quad d = \frac{3}{2} \text{km}$
  - (3) d = 2 km
  - $(4) d = \frac{1}{2} km$
- 167. Two blocks A and B of masses 3m and m respectively are connected by a massless and inextensible string. The whole system is suspended by a massless spring as shown in figure. The magnitudes of acceleration of A and B immediately after the string is cut, are respectively:



- $(1) \quad \frac{g}{3}, g$
- (2) g, g
- $(3) \quad \frac{g}{3}, \frac{g}{3}$
- $(4) \qquad g, \frac{g}{3}$

- 168. The ratio of wavelengths of the last line of Balmer series and the last line of Lyman series is:
  - (1)
  - (2) 4
  - (3) 0.5
  - (4) 2
- 169. A beam of light from a source L is incident normally on a plane mirror fixed at a certain distance x from the source. The beam is reflected back as a spot on a scale placed just above the source L. When the mirror is rotated through a small angle  $\theta$ , the spot of the light is found to move through a distance y on the scale. The angle  $\theta$  is given by :
  - $(1) \quad \frac{y}{x}$
  - $(2) \qquad \frac{x}{2y}$
  - $(3) \qquad \frac{x}{y}$
  - $(4) \quad \frac{y}{2x}$
- 170. A spring of force constant k is cut into lengths of ratio 1:2:3. They are connected in series and the new force constant is k'. Then they are connected in parallel and force constant is k". Then k': k" is:
  - (1) 1:9
  - (2) 1:11
  - (3) 1:14
  - (4) 1:6
- 171. The diagrams below show regions of equipotentials.



A positive charge is moved from A to B in each diagram.

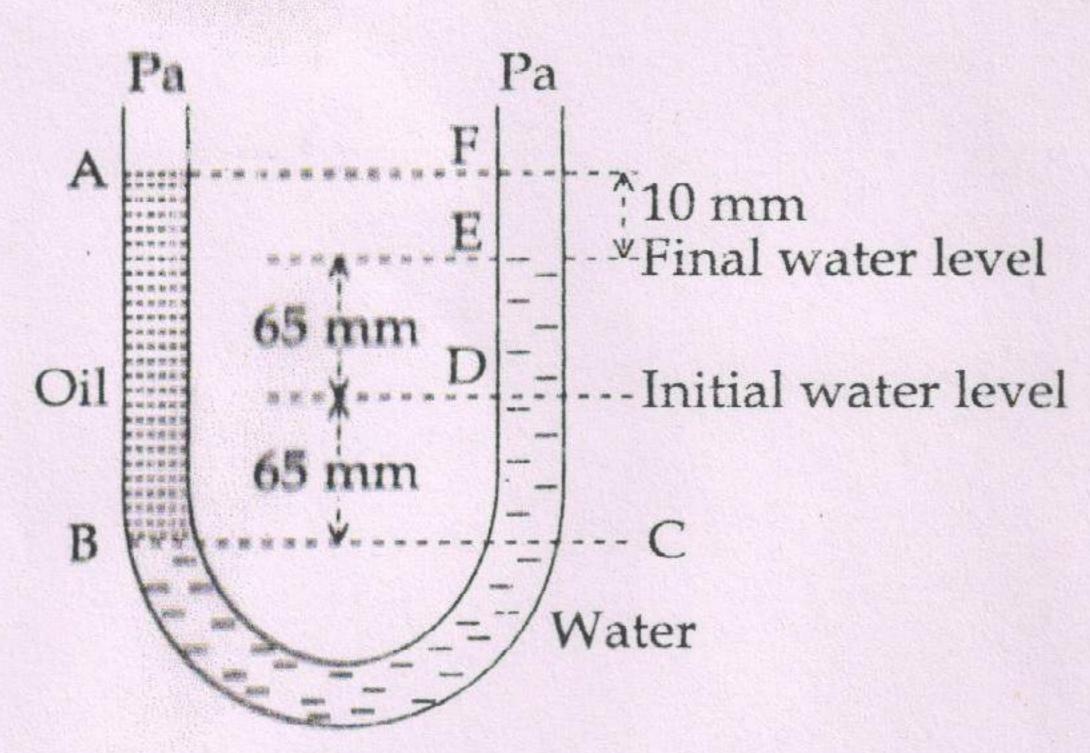
- (1) In all the four cases the work done is the same.
- (2) Minimum work is required to move q in figure (a).
- (3) Maximum work is required to move q in figure (b).
- (4) Maximum work is required to move q in figure (c).

- 172. Suppose the charge of a proton and an electron differ slightly. One of them is -e, the other is  $(e + \Delta e)$ . If the net of electrostatic force and gravitational force between two hydrogen atoms placed at a distance d (much greater than atomic size) apart is zero, then  $\Delta e$  is of the order of [Given mass of hydrogen  $m_h = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ ]
  - (1)  $10^{-23}$  C
  - (2)  $10^{-37}$  C
  - (3)  $10^{-47}$  C
  - (4)  $10^{-20}$  C
- 173. A physical quantity of the dimensions of length that can be formed out of c, G and  $\frac{e^2}{4 \pi \epsilon_0}$  is [c] is velocity of light, G is universal constant of gravitation and e is charge.
  - (1)  $c^2 \left[ G \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{1/2}$ 
    - (2)  $\frac{1}{c^2} \left[ \frac{e^2}{G 4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$
    - $(3) \quad \frac{1}{c} G \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0}$
    - (4)  $\frac{1}{c^2} \left[ G \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- 174. Two Polaroids  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  are placed with their axis perpendicular to each other. Unpolarised light  $I_0$  is incident on  $P_1$ . A third polaroid  $P_3$  is kept in between  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  such that its axis makes an angle  $45^\circ$  with that of  $P_1$ . The intensity of transmitted light through  $P_2$  is:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{I_0}{4}$
  - $(2) \qquad \frac{I_0}{8}$
  - (3)  $\frac{I_0}{16}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{I_0}{2}$

- 175. A particle executes linear simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 3 cm. When the particle is at 2 cm from the mean position, the magnitude of its velocity is equal to that of its acceleration. Then its time period in seconds is:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2\tau}$

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- $(2) \qquad \frac{4\pi}{\sqrt{5}}$
- $(3) \qquad \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}}$
- $(4) \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\pi}$
- 176. A U tube with both ends open to the atmosphere, is partially filled with water. Oil, which is immiscible with water, is poured into one side until it stands at a distance of 10 mm above the water level on the other side. Meanwhile the water rises by 65 mm from its original level (see diagram). The density of the oil is:



- (1)  $425 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$
- (2)  $800 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$
- (3) 928 kg m⁻³
- (4)  $650 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$
- 177. Consider a drop of rain water having mass 1g falling from a height of 1 km. It hits the ground with a speed of 50 m/s. Take 'g' constant with a value 10 m/s². The work done by the (i) gravitational force and the (ii) resistive force of air is:
  - (1) (i) 1.25 J
    - (i) 1.25 J (ii) -8.25 J
  - (2) (i) 100 J
- (ii) 8.75 J
- (3) (i) 10 J
- (II) -0.75)
- (4) (i) -10J
- (ii) -8.25 J

- 178. The x and y coordinates of the particle at any time are  $x = 5t 2t^2$  and y = 10t respectively, where x and y are in meters and t in seconds. The acceleration of the particle at t = 2s is:
  - (1)  $5 \text{ m/s}^2$
  - (2)  $-4 \text{ m/s}^2$
  - (3)  $-8 \text{ m/s}^2$
  - (4) 0
- 179. A long solenoid of diameter 0.1 m has  $2\times10^4$  turns per meter. At the centre of the solenoid, a coil of 100 turns and radius 0.01 m is placed with its axis coinciding with the solenoid axis. The current in the solenoid reduces at a constant rate to 0A from 4 A in 0.05 s. If the resistance of the coil is  $10~\pi^2~\Omega$ , the total charge flowing through the coil during this time is :
  - (1) 16 µ C
  - (2) 32 μ C
  - (3)  $16 \pi \mu C$
  - (4)  $32 \pi \mu C$
- 180. A carnot engine having an efficiency of  $\frac{1}{10}$  as heat engine, is used as a refrigerator. If the work done on the system is 10 J, the amount of energy absorbed from the reservoir at lower temperature is:
  - (1) 90 J
  - (2) 99 J
  - (3) 100 J
  - (4) 1 J

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