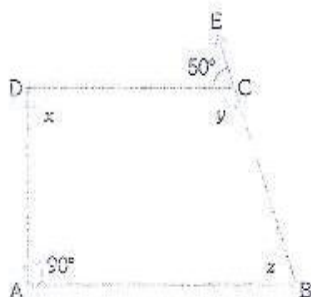


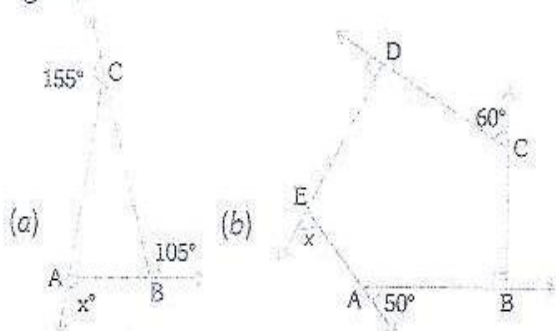
Understanding Quadrilaterals

- A quadrilateral has three acute angles, each measuring 75° . Find its fourth angle.
- The angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio of $2 : 3 : 3 : 4$. Find the angles of the quadrilateral.
- The adjacent angles of a parallelogram are in the ratio $2 : 3$. Find the angles.
- One side of a parallelogram is 4.8 cm and the other side is $1\frac{1}{2}$ times of this side. Find the perimeter of the parallelogram.
- ABCD is a rhombus. Diagonals AC and BD bisect each other at O such that $AC = 6$ cm and $BD = 8$ cm. Find the side of the rhombus.
- Diagonals of a rhombus are equal. Is this rhombus also a square?
- ABCD is a rectangle, its adjacent sides are in the ratio $3 : 5$ and its perimeter is 48 cm. Find the length of the sides.
- (a) Find the measure of x , y and z in the trapezium ABCD, $AB \parallel CD$ if $\angle A = 90^\circ$ and $\angle ECD = 50^\circ$.

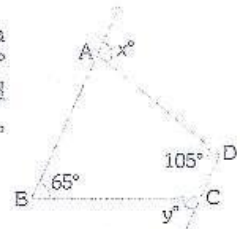


- (b) If one angle of parallelogram is 130° , find its opposite and adjacent angles

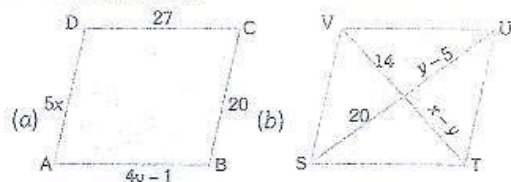
9. Find the value of x in each of the following figures.



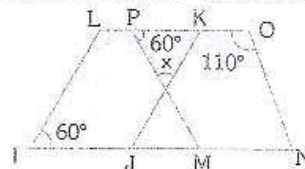
- The sum of two angles of a quadrilateral is 160° . The other two angles are in the ratio $2 : 3$. Find the angles.
- The angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio $3 : 5 : 7 : 9$. Find the four angles.
- In a quadrilateral PQRS, $\angle P = 3\angle Q$ and $\angle R = 4\angle S$. If $\angle Q = \angle S$, then find all the four angles.
- In figure, ABCD is a quadrilateral with $\angle B = 65^\circ$ and $\angle D = 105^\circ$. If $\angle A$ and $\angle C$ are in the ratio $3 : 7$, find the value of x and y .



- Find the measure of each exterior angle of a regular polygon of
 - 36 sides
 - 40 sides.
- Each interior angle of a regular polygon is 140° . Find the number of its sides.
- The four angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio $3 : 4 : 5 : 6$. Find its angles.
- Three angles of a quadrilateral are equal, fourth angle is a right angle. Find the measures of the angles. Classify the quadrilateral as convex, concave, trapezium etc.
- If the following quadrilaterals are parallelograms then find x and y .



16. In the following figure IJKL and MNOP are parallelograms. Find the measure of x .



- Two opposite angles of a parallelogram are $(4x - 5)^\circ$ and $(60 - x)^\circ$. Find the measure of each angle of the parallelogram.
- Lengths of two adjacent sides of parallelogram are 4 cm and 5 cm. Find the perimeter of the parallelogram.
- The perimeter of a parallelogram is 36 cm. The smaller side is 8 cm long. Find the length of its longer side.
- In a parallelogram PQRS, the diagonals intersect at O. $PR = 7.4$ cm and $QS = 6.2$ cm. Find the lengths of OR and OS.