CLASS XI-PHYSICS LAWS OF MOTION

ASSIGNMENT-1

NUMERICAL QUESTIONS:

Q.1 Pulleys are ideal and string are massless. The masses of blocks are $m_1 = 4$ kg and $m_2 = 1$ kg as shown. If all surfaces are smooth then the acceleration of m_2 in m/s^2 is (g = 10 m/s²)



- **Q.2** A block of mass 5 kg is placed on bus moving with acceleration 2m/s². Pseudo force acting on block as seen by a man on ground is -
- **Q.3** Three blocks A, B and C of mass m each are arranged in pulley mass system as shown. Coefficient of friction between block A and horizontal surface is equal to 0.5 and a force P acts on 'A' in the direction shown. The value of P/mg so that block 'C' doesn't move is –



Q.4 Two blocks 1 and 2 of mass 2kg and 4 kg are kept connected as shown in figure. All pulley and string are massless and surfaces are frictionless. Acceleration of block 1 at the instant shown is -



Q.5 A block of mass 0.2kg is kept on wedge of mass 0.6 kg which is kept on rough table. Block is slipping down with constant speed 2m/s. Normal force on wedge due to table is (Assume wedge is stationary) -



Q.6 In the given arrangement, strings and pulleys are light and all surface are frictionless. Assuming at t = 0, system is released from rest, find the speed of block A (in decameter/sec) at t = 2 sec.



Q.7 In the system shown in figure all surfaces are frictionless while pulley and strings are light. Mass of block A is 2m while that of B is 'm'. Acceleration of block 'B' (in cm/s²) immediately after system is released from rest minus 320 cm/s^2 is (Take g = 981 cm/s²).



Q.8 In the arrangement shown in figure end 'A' of light inextensible string is pulled with constant velocity v = 6 m/s. The velocity of block 'B' is (in m/s) -



Q.9 Figure shows a string passing through two fixed pulley P_1 and P_3 and a pulley P_2 free to move vertically. One end of string is attached with ring A. Velocity of pulley P_2 at the instant shown is (in m/s) -



- **Q.10** A block of mass 1 kg is just fit in a groove in a platform kept horizontally. Groove is along + ve xaxis. The platform is given acceleration $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$ m/s². If block is not slipping on platform the friction force acting on block (in Newton)
- **Q.11** A block of mass 2 kg is placed on rough horizontal surface (coefficient of friction = 0.2) and is pulled by horizontal force F = 2t N where t : time in sec. Velocity of block at t = 4 sec is –
- Q.12 A system consisting of man on platform is in equilibrium. Mass of man and platform are equal. If tension in left string is T_1 and that in right string in T_2 , then $5T_1/T_2$ is -

