

Chapter 4: Chemical Bonding and Molecular

Structure

Assignment 1

Class 11



Class: XIth Subject: CHEMISTRY

Date: DPP No.:1

Topic :- Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure

1.	The true statements fr $1.PH_5$ and $BiCl_5$ do not $2.p\pi - d\pi$ bond is pres $3.Electrons$ travel at th $4.SeF_4$ and CH_4 have sa $5.I_3^+$ has bent geometry a) $1,3$	exist sent in SO ₂ se speed of light name shape	c) 1,3,5	d) 1,2,4	
2.	1,3-butadiene has:				
	$^{a)}$ 6σ and 2π -bonds	b) 2σ and 2π -bonds	c) 9σ and 2π -bonds	d) 6σ and 2π -bonds	
3.	The bond between ato	ms of two elements of a	tomic number 37 and 53	is:	
	a) Covalent	b) Ionic	c) Coordinate	d) Metallic	
4.	In methane the bond a	ngle is			
	a) _{180°}	b) _{90°}	c) _{109°}	d) _{120°}	
	YV				
5.	One would expect the	elemental form of Cs at 1	room temperature to be	:	
	a) A network solid	b) A metallic solid	c) Non-polar liquid	d) An ionic liquid	
6.	Which of the following is false?				
	a) Glycerol has strong	hydrogen bonding			
	b) Glycol is a poisonou	s alcohols			
	c) Waxes are esters of	higher alcohols with hig	her acids		

- d) Alkyl halides have higher b.p. than corresponding alcohols
- 7. Ionic radii are:
 - a) $\propto \frac{1}{\text{effective nuclear charge}}$
 - b) $\propto \frac{1}{\text{(effective nuclear charge)}^2}$
 - c) ∝ effective nuclear charge
 - d) \propto (effective nuclear charge)²
- 8. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - a) He₂ does not exist because its bond order is zero
 - b) O_2 , O_2^- and O_2^+ are all paramagnetic
 - c) Any two atomic orbitals can combine to form two molecular orbitals
 - $^{ ext{d})}\pi(2p_{x})$ and $\pi(2p_{y})$ are degenerate molecular orbitals
- 9. Which of the following pairs will from the most stable ionic bond?
 - a) Na and Cl
- b) Mg and F
- c) Li and F
- d) Na and F
- 10. Among NaF, NaCl NaBr and NaI, the NaF has highest melting point because:
 - a) It has maximum ionic character
 - b) It has minimum ionic character
 - c) It has associated molecules
 - d) It has least molecular weight
- 11. The planar structure of BF_3 can be explained by the fact that BF_3 is
 - a) *sp* hybridized
- b) sp^2 hybridised
- c) sp^3 hybridised
- d) $sp^3 d$ hybridized
- 12. The correct order of bond order value among the following is
 - (i) NO⁻
- (ii) NO⁺
- (iii)NO
- (iv) $N0^{2+}$

$$(v) NO^{2-}$$

$$a$$
 (i) < (iv) < (iii) < (ii) < (v)

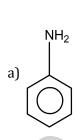
$$b)(iv) = (ii) < (i) < (v) < (iii)$$

$$(v) < (i) < (iv) = (iii) < (ii)$$

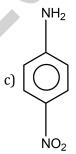
- 13. The bond between chlorine and bromine in BrCl₃ is:
 - a) Ionic
 - b) Non-polar
 - c) Polar with negative end on Br⁻
 - d) Polar with negative end on Cl-
- 14. Which of the following has regular tetrahedral shape?

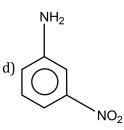
$$^{\rm d)}{\rm XeF_4}$$

15. Which of the following will have large dipole moment?









- 16. PCl_5 exists but NCl_5 does not because:
 - a) Nitrogen has no vacant 2*d*-orbitals
 - b) NCl₅ is unstable
 - c) Nitrogen atom is much smaller than phosphorus
 - d) Nitrogen is highly mert
- 17. In which of the following pairs the two species are not isostructural?

a) PCl_4^+ and $SiCl_4$ b) PF_5 and BrF_5 c) AlF_6^{3-} and SF_6 d) CO_3^{2-} and NC
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18. The molecule having a pyramidal shape out of the following is

a)
$$_{\mathrm{CO}_2}$$
 b) $_{\mathrm{BF}_3}$ c) $_{\mathrm{SF}_4}$ d) $_{\mathrm{NH}_3}$

19. If Na^+ ion is larger than Mg^{2+} ion and S^{2-} is larger than Cl^- ion, which of the following will be stable soluble in water?

a) Sodium chloride b) Sodium sulphide c) Magnesium chloride d) Magnesium sulphide

20. An atom of an element A has three electrons in its outermost orbit and that of B has six electrons in its outermost orbit. The formula of the compound between these two will be

a)
$$_{A_{3}B_{6}}$$
 b) $_{A_{2}B_{3}}$ c) $_{A_{3}B_{2}}$