

PRERNA EDUCATION

IIT/ MEDICAL/ FOUNDATION

SAMPLE QUESTIONS

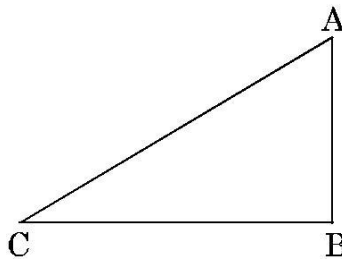
APPLICATION OF TRIGONOMETRY

Q.No. 1 The tops of two towers of height x and y , standing on level ground, subtend angles of 30° and 60° respectively at the centre of the line joining their feet, then find $x : y$.

- (a) $1 : 3$ (b) $1 : 2$ (c) $1 : \sqrt{3}$ (d) $1 : 4$

Ans. (a)

Q.No. 2 If figure , a tower AB is 20 m high and BC , its shadow on the ground, is $20\sqrt{3}$ m long. Find the Sun's altitude.



- (a) 30° (b) 60° (c) 45° (d) None

Ans. (a)

Q.No. 3 The angle of depression and the angle of elevation from an object on the ground to an object in the air are related as:

- (a) greater than (b) less than (c) equal (d) all of them

Ans. (c)

Q.No. 4 If the string of a kite is 75 m long and it makes an angle of 60° with the ground, then the height of kite is:

- (a) $\frac{75}{2}$ (b) $75\sqrt{3}$ m (c) $\frac{75\sqrt{3}}{2}$ m (d) 75 m

Ans. (c)

Q.No. 5 A 6 ft tall man finds that the angle of elevation of a 24 ft high pillar and the angle of depression of its base are complimentary angles. The distance of the man from the pillar is:

- (a) $6\sqrt{3}m$ (b) $18\sqrt{3}m$ (c) $7\sqrt{3}m$ (d) None

Ans. (b)

Q.No. 6 A tree broken due to storm and the broken part bends, so that the top of the tree touches the ground making an angle 30° with it. The distance between the foot at the tree to the point where the top touches the ground is 8 m the height of the tree will be

- (a) $6\sqrt{3}m$ (b) $7\sqrt{3}m$ (c) $5\sqrt{3}m$ (d) None of these

Ans. (d)

Q.No. 7 The angle of elevation of the top of a building from the foot of the tower is 30° and the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from the foot of the building is 45° . If the tower is 30 m high, find the height of the building.

- (a) $10\sqrt{3}$ (b) $8\sqrt{3}$ (c) $6\sqrt{3}$ (d) None of these

Ans. (a)

Q.No. 8 The angle of elevation of an aeroplane from a point A on the ground is 60° . After a flight of 15 seconds, the angle of elevation changes to 30° . If the aeroplane is flying at a constant height of $1500\sqrt{3}$ m, find the speed of the plane in km/hr.

- (a) 720 km/hr (b) 600 km/hr (c) 500 km/hr (d) None of these

Ans. (a)

Q.No. 9 From the top of a tower of height 50m, the angles of depression of the top and bottom of a pole are 30° and 45° respectively. Find

- (i) how far the pole is from the bottom of a tower,
(ii) the height of the pole. (Use $\sqrt{3} = 1.732$)

- (a) 50m, 20 m (b) 50m, 21.13m (c) 30m, 25m (d) None of these

Ans. (b)

Q.No. 10 A vertical tower stands on a horizontal plane and is surmounted by a vertical flagstaff of height 5 m. From a point on the plane the angles of elevation of the bottom and top of the flagstaff are respectively 30° and 60° . Find the height of the tower.

- (a) 3.5 m (b) 2.5 m (c) 4.5 m (d) 1.5 m

Ans. (b)

Q.No. 11 From the top of a hill 200 m high, the angles of depression of the top and the bottom of a pillars are 30° and 60° respectively. Find the height of the pillar and its distance from the hill

- (a) 157 m, 148m (b) 122.33m, 113.33m
(c) 148m, 133m (d) None of these

Ans. (d)

Q.No. 12 A pole 5 m high is fixed on the top of a tower. The angle of elevation of the top of the pole observed from a point A on the ground is 60° and the angle of the depression of point A from top of the tower is 45° . Find the height of the tower. (Take $\sqrt{3} = 1.732$)

- (a) 7.8 m (b) 6.8m (c) 5.8m (d) 4.8m

Ans. (b)

Q.No. 13 The angle of depression of the top and the bottom of a building 50 meters high as observed from the top of a tower are 30° and 60° respectively. Find the height of the tower and the horizontal distance between the building and the tower. (Take $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$)

- (a) 75m, 40m (b) 70m, 43.25m (c) 75m, 43.25m (d) 70m, 40m

Ans. (c)

Q.No. 14 The length of a shadow of a tower standing on level plane is found to be 20 m longer

when the Sun's altitude is 30° , than when it was 60° . Find the height of the tower.

- (a) 18m (b) 17m (c) 17.3m (d) 18.3m

Ans. (c)

Q.No. 15 From a point P on the ground the angle of elevation of the top of a tower is 30° and that of that of the top of a flag staff fixed on the top of the tower, is 60° . If the length of the flag staff is 5m, find the height of the tower.

- (a) 2.5m (b) 3.5m (c) 4.5m (d) None

Ans. (a)

Q.No. 16 At a point A, 20 metres above the level of water in a lake, the angle of elevation of cloud is 30° . The angle of depression of the reflection of the cloud in the lake, at A is 60° . Find the distance of the cloud from A.

- (a) 30m (b) 40m (c) 50m (d) 60.3m

Ans. (b)

Q.No. 17 An aeroplane flying at a height of 4000 m from the ground passes vertically above another aeroplane at an instant when the angle of elevation of the two planes from the same point as the ground are 60° and 45° respectively. Find the vertical distance between the aeroplanes at that instant.

- (a) 1500.4m (b) 1790.4m (c) 1890.4m (d) 1690.4m

Ans. (d)

Q.No. 18 There are two windows in a house. A window of the house is at a height of 1.5 m above the ground and the other window is 3 m vertically above the lower window. Ram and Shyam are sitting inside the two windows. At an instant, the angle of elevation of a balloon from these windows are observed as 45° and 30° respectively.

Read the above passage and answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the height of the balloon from the ground.
(ii) Among Ram and Shyam, who is more closer to the balloon?

- (a) 8m, Ram (b) 9m, Shyam (c) 7m, Ram (d) None of these

Ans. (b)

Q.No. 19 The angle of elevation of the top of a tower as observed from a point on the ground is " α " and moving " a " meters towards the tower, the angle of elevation is " β ". Then height of tower will.

- (a) $\frac{\tan \alpha \tan \beta}{a(\tan \alpha - \tan \beta)}$ (b) $\frac{a \tan \alpha}{\tan \beta} (\tan \alpha - \tan \beta)$
(c) $\frac{a \tan \alpha \tan \beta}{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}$ (d) None of these

Ans. (c)

Q.No. 20 A man standing on the deck of a ship, which is 10 m above the water level, observes the angle of elevation of the top of the hill as 60° and the angle of depression of the base of the hill as 30° . Calculate the distance of the hill from the ship and the height of the hill.

- (a) 17.3 m, 40m (b) 15m, 40m (c) can't be determined (d) None

Ans. (a)

PRERNA EDUCATION